

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Washington, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Washington, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We have also audited each fiduciary fund type of the City of Washington, Illinois as of and for the year ended April 30, 2020.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Washington, Illinois, as of April 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual – general fund, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions, schedule of money-weighted rate of return of pension plan investments and schedule of changes in the City's total OPEB liability and related ratios on pages 4-12 and 63-72, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

We have previously audited the City's 2019 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated October 16, 2019. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended April 30, 2019, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Washington, Illinois' financial statements as a whole. The other supplementary information, as listed in the accompanying table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information, on pages 73-89, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The information included on page 90 has been summarized from the City's records. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Phillips, Salmi & associates, SIC

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 18, 2020, on our consideration of the City of Washington, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Washington, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Washington, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Washington, Illinois

September 18, 2020

CITY OFFICIALS

Gary W. Manier, Mayor

Patricia S. Brown, City Clerk

Ellen L. Dingledine, City Treasurer

Jim Culotta, City Administrator



ALDERMEN

Robert A. Brucks, Ward I
Michael J. Brownfield, Ward I
Carol K. Moss, Ward II
Brett M. Adams, Ward II
Brian H. Butler, Ward III
David Dingledine, Ward III
James L. Gee, Ward IV
Daniel A. Cobb, Ward IV

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDING APRIL 30, 2020

The following narrative overview and analysis is provided by the management of the City of Washington, IL to serve as an introduction to and to aid in the understanding of the more detailed financial statements which follow. Comparative information for the prior fiscal year ending April 30, 2019 is provided where available and applicable. This overview should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and footnotes that follow this section.

BACKGROUND

The City of Washington, IL operates under the Aldermanic-City form of government. The legislative body consists of two aldermen from each ward elected for a four-year term. Their terms are staggered so that half are elected every two years. Other elected officials include a City Clerk and City Treasurer, elected to a four-year term. In 1972 (Ord. 1052), the City Council created the office of City Administrator. The City Administrator is appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by a majority vote of the City Council. The City Administrator is the chief administrative officer of the city, and responsible to the Mayor and City Council for the proper administration of the affairs of the City. Voters approved a Home Rule referendum in 1998 which affords the city greater latitude in meeting the needs of its residents and managing its governmental affairs.

The City directly provides or makes provision for the delivery of services to its residents including, but not limited to, the following: police; fire; ambulance and rescue; water; wastewater; streets; solid waste disposal and recycling; storm water management; and planning, zoning and code enforcement. It also performs a variety of functions related to these services and other general administrative responsibilities including: budgeting and financial management, human resources administration, accounts payable/receivable and engineering.

The format and content of the financial statements for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2020 are in accordance with the GASB 34 reporting model. Among other things, GASB 34 requires the city to account for the depreciation of fixed assets (city-owned streets, buildings, land, etc.) within governmental activities.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The total net position of the City of Washington assets exceeded liabilities at April 30, 2020 by \$81,381,403, a \$2,145,866 or 2.71% increase over the prior year. Of the \$81 million, \$22,447,974 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the city's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Unrestricted net position for the year ending April 30, 2019 totaled \$20,619,617.
- At April 30, 2020, the governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$18,280,325, of which \$10,968,949 were unassigned. In the prior year, the governmental funds combined fund balance was \$15,962,177 of which \$10,082,188 was unassigned.
- Unrestricted cash, cash equivalents and investments increased by \$1,140,619 in the General Fund, increased by \$244,605 in the Sewer Funds and increased by \$390,625 in the Water Funds.
- The City continues to maintain cash reserves equal to at least three months annual operating revenues for cash flow purposes. These additional funds are maintained for unanticipated needs that may occur at any time and in anticipation of major capital projects planned for future years.
- The City's long-term debt totaled \$11,917,598 at fiscal year-end. This total includes not only bonded indebtedness, but also vested employee compensated absences. The City continues to meet its debt obligations in a full and timely manner. Total long-term debt as of April 30, 2019 was \$13,821,953.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Washington's basic financial statements. The financial statements include three major component parts: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. The report contains other supplementary information as well.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are intended to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Washington's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Washington's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position can serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the city is improving or deteriorating. Readers are cautioned that substantive conclusions should only be made following a more thorough evaluation of the full financial details and notes included herein.

Government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) as opposed to other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The City of Washington's governmental activities include General Government, Public Safety, Highways and Streets, Health and Welfare, Cemetery and interest on long-term debt.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

<u>Fund Financial Statements.</u> A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Washington, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance and related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Washington can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information is useful in evaluating the City of Washington's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information for governmental funds with information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

The City of Washington maintains fifteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund which is always considered a major fund. There were no other funds meeting the criteria of a major fund to be reported. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in this report.

The City of Washington adopts an annual budget for all of the governmental funds pursuant to Illinois statutes.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City of Washington maintains two different types of proprietary funds, enterprise and internal service:

• Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Washington utilizes enterprise funds to account for financial transactions related to its Waterworks and Sewerage systems.

• Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of Washington uses internal service funds to account for the City's self-insured health plan (Employees' Benefit Fund), for fleet and equipment maintenance and replacement (Motor Equipment Replacement Fund) and to provide funding for non-motorized capital equipment in excess of \$5,000 (Capital Replacement Fund).

Fiduciary funds account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government: pension trust funds and agency funds held by the City in a custodial capacity. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Washington's programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 30 of this report.

Other Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents supplementary information concerning combining statements and schedules for various funds; funding progress for the City's Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) and Police Pension Trust Fund; a historical review of property tax levies, rates and collections; and comparisons of budget vs. actual revenue and expense data.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As stated earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The largest part of the City of Washington's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings and improvements, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Washington uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Washington's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

At the end of the fiscal year, the City of Washington reports balances in all categories of net position, both for the government as a whole (\$81,381,403 for FYE April 2020 compared to \$79,235,537 for FYE April 2019, a 2.71% increase), as well as for governmental activities (\$42,207,764 compared to \$40,850,281, a 3.3% increase) and business-type activities (\$39,173,639 compared to \$38,385,256, a 2.1% increase).

Financial Analysis: Government Funds

As previously noted, the City of Washington uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. Unreserved fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The City of Washington's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$18,280,325, an increase of \$2,318,148. The sum of \$10,968,949 is unassigned.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. Unassigned fund balances at fiscal year-end totaled \$10,994,078. During the year, revenues exceeded expenditures in the General Fund by \$2,829,351. After planned transfers to various other funds, a net increase in the fund balance totaled \$1,600,098.

Financial Analysis: Proprietary Funds

The City's primary Proprietary Funds include the Waterworks and Sewerage Enterprise Funds. Monies in these funds are principally generated from user fees; they are primarily dedicated to the operation, maintenance, repair and replacement of the water treatment and distribution system and the sewer collection and treatment system.

Net position in the Waterworks Fund total \$12,630,142 with \$3,267,555 being unrestricted. Net position decreased by \$181,867 during the year ending April 30, 2020. Sewerage Fund net position totals \$25,162,984; \$8,761,865 is unrestricted. Net position in this fund grew by \$423,665.

Internal Service Funds include the Employee Benefits Fund (Health Insurance) with net position of \$1,638,142, the Motor Equipment Replacement Fund with net position of \$4,184,127 and the Capital Replacement Fund with net position of \$595,964.

Financial Analysis: Trust and Agency Funds

Total fund balances in Trust and Agency Funds are \$8,247,379 which largely represents the fund balance of the Police Pension Fund (Pension Trust). The net position of the Pension Trust Fund increased by \$171,625 over the past year. These monies are restricted for the payment of pension benefits to sworn officers of the Washington Police Department.

Capital Asset Administration

The City of Washington's investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment, streets, sewer systems, lighting systems, traffic signals, and other infrastructure. This investment in capital assets as of April 30, 2020 was \$65,033,766 (net of accumulated depreciation) compared to \$68,030,248 in the prior year. See Note 3 for further details.

Long-Term Debt

The City's long-term debt totaled \$11,917,598 at April 30, 2020 compared to \$13,821,953 at April 30, 2019. Governmental activity debt totaled \$3,673,935. Business-type activity debt (associated with the City's enterprise funds) totaled \$8,243,663.

Debt reductions during the year totaled \$1,904,355. There were no additions to long-term debt during the year. The majority of the reduction (\$959,244) is attributable to the payoff of the Washington 223 loan.

As a home-rule unit, no legal limit exists on the amount of outstanding debt. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The national economy had continued to improve for most of the fiscal year and the City economic trends mirrored those from the past year until the COVID-19 pandemic. Similarly, unemployment rates continued to decrease with growth in medical, agri-business and research and development sectors within the region. On March 9, 2020, the Governor of Illinois declared a Disaster Proclamation, including a shelter in place order and other measures which when enacted, severely limited retail, restaurant and office functions. This in turn drastically impacted employment and retail sales and increased operational costs due to safety measures required to protect employees, elected officials and residents. All City employees were deemed essential and operations continued with safety protocols in place throughout the balance of the fiscal year. The biggest impact to the City revenue sources was Income Taxes, which because of the extension of the due date to July 15th resulted in payments shifting out of the fiscal year. Because our largest sales tax generators include big box home improvement, grocery and general retail stores, the City's sales tax collections for March and April were stable due to the increased demand for food, household supplies and home improvement projects. The State has suffered significant losses in retail sales, income tax revenue and increased costs in response to the COVID-19 response. It is unknown what the long-term impact to shared revenue and distributions to local municipalities will be.

Legislative action in an attempt to ease the state's budgetary problems has been enacted, including increases to the state Motor Fuel Tax and changes to the Sales Tax collection process. The annual MFT collection expanded because of the increase in the overall tax rate and additional revenue from the Build Illinois Bond Funds. Because both taxes are unstable and tied to the local economy, it is difficult to project long-term impact. The state legislature is expected to consider additional changes to the local sales tax collection by including the local option Home Rule Sales Taxes in the required collection by remote retailers. This change could have a positive effect on future years with the continued growth of online shopping. The City's population increase of 1,432 to 16,566 as a result of a 2017 Special Census has resulted in additional revenue approximating \$145 to \$150 per capita (pre-COVID) for the years prior to the 2020 Census. In addition, an ordinance was approved to increase the Home Rule Sales Tax to 1.75% for a total tax rate of 8.5% effective July 1, 2018. This additional revenue will be targeted for street infrastructure improvements. In early 2019, the City Council adopted a Utility Rate Study which provided for a graduated increase in the Sewer and

Water Rates. These increased funds are also targeted to allow utility replacements along with the street improvements. Capital spending is anticipated to increase in future years in conjunction with the implementation of a long-range capital investment strategy. The City Council conducted a work session in November 2019 which included goal setting and top priorities for future years which included designating future budgets to specific initiatives. This includes Washington 223, Business Rte. 24 and other key economic development initiatives.

Personnel costs account for about one-third of total budgeted expenditures. These expenses present steady upward pressure on the City's budget from year to year. In addition to continuing focus on wellness initiatives, the City joined a municipal pool for health insurance in 2017 in an effort to contain costs. The change to the pool has provided stability and has resulted in an overall premium decrease of 7.4% over the last four years. Pension costs continue to have an impact on the City's long-term obligations. Police pension costs continue to increase as changes to the actuarial and market returns are not keeping pace with the long-term obligations. The State Legislature is focused on changes to the Police and Fire pension investments statewide and it is anticipated that a change could be made which may have a local impact. It is yet to be seen whether this would be a positive or negative impact.

The City's near-term financial well-being remains directly dependent on the sustained growth of the City's key sources of revenue: sales tax, income tax, and water and sewer user fees. Development of Washington 223 and continued commercial growth is essential to the City's long-term financial well-being. Income tax revenue is largely dependent on the overall health of the state and national economy and the preservation of the current state distribution formula to municipalities. Although property taxes account for a comparatively small portion of total City revenue, growth in the City's assessed valuation is still important to meet future fire protection/ambulance, pension and liability insurance expenses as these costs are largely funded through property taxes. Sustained building activity is essential to the growth of the local property tax base. The City has seen increased investment with new residential, industrial and commercial construction. However, the overall Equalized Assessed Value (EAV) has remained relatively flat. Several new projects have been announced which should continue to improve or preserve the EAV. Included among these is a gas station and convenience store development on Business Route 24 and the first phase of a mixed-use development near the intersection of N. Cummings Lane and Freedom Parkway.

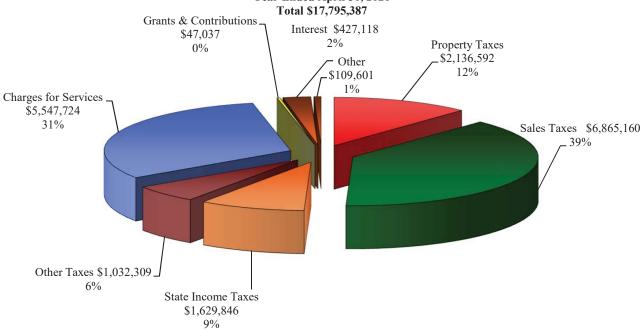
Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Washington's finances. Questions concerning the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to City Hall at 301 Walnut Street, Washington, IL 61571, (309) 444-3196 to the attention of Mr. Ray Forsythe, Washington City Administrator (reforsythe@ci.washington.il.us) or Mrs. Joanie Baxter, Washington Finance Director (jbaxter@ci.washington.il.us).

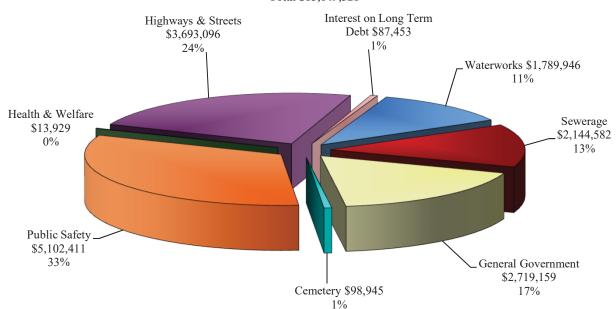
Government Wide Five Year Analysis – Other Data									
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016				
Unrestricted cash and investments	\$ 32,327,805	\$ 29,497,055	\$ 29,712,857	\$ 29,167,777	\$ 28,518,424				
Capital assets	65,033,766	68,030,248	70,195,160	66,618,461	61,258,553				
Long-term debt	11,917,598	13,821,953	18,764,768	16,139,991	18,776,907				
Total Payroll	4,309,167	4,448,058	4,647,959	4,371,933	4,025,720				
Annual Pension Costs IMRF Police Pension	307,825 553,041	357,653 551,778	395,121 514,605	343,295 373,617	247,411 320,283				
Pension liabilities IMRF Police Pension	1,833,766 5,866,689	3,067,197 5,078,148	1,563,945 5,373,589	3,173,101 5,286,674	3,230,891 4,129,447				
Total OPEB liability	3,131,949	3,148,559	3,313,497	N/A	N/A				
Assessed Valuation	348,552,322	348,418,651	348,171,597	343,361,222	331,654,600				
Property tax rates	0.4728	0.4730	0.4402	0.4211	0.4253				

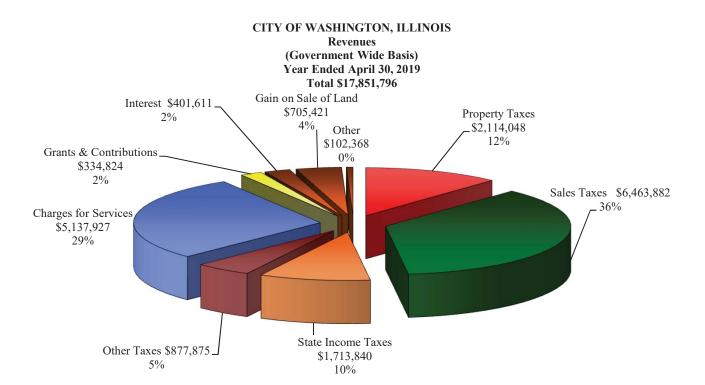
CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS

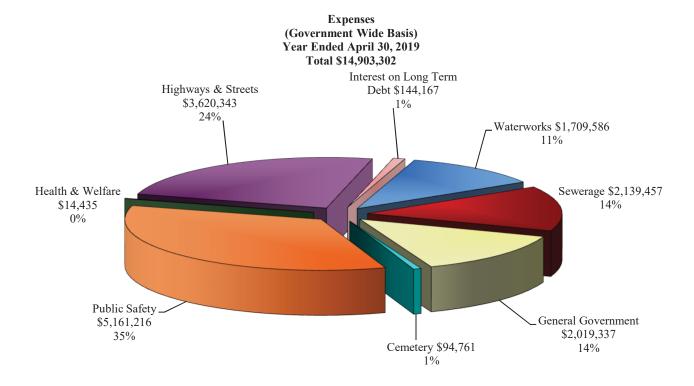
Revenues (Government Wide Basis) Year Ended April 30, 2020



Expenses (Government Wide Basis) Year Ended April 30, 2020 Total \$15,649,521







CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS COMPARISION OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEARS ENDED APRIL 30, 2016 THROUGH 2020

		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 2	2,130,431	\$ 2,008,850	\$ 1,915,478	\$ 1,855,766	\$ 1,659,582
Licenses and permits		536,644	490,734	503,354	560,096	464,359
Intergovernmental						
Sales tax	3	3,201,064	3,100,887	3,010,442	3,316,444	3,177,895
Home rule sales tax	3	3,068,507	2,850,491	2,115,169	2,131,365	2,034,939
Income tax		1,629,846	1,713,840	1,408,902	1,426,953	1,548,008
Motor fuel tax		617,769	446,488	413,819	405,325	408,822
Other		1,010,129	943,891	809,605	494,966	525,299
Grant proceeds		22,032	312,991	349,186	1,461,919	5,771,780
Charges for services		157,568	175,305	195,287	189,286	176,255
Fines and forfeitures		172,058	186,397	169,653	141,474	154,714
Interest		233,738	232,778	201,732	158,147	112,791
Other		276,273	249,796	338,596	157,341	208,695
	13	3,056,059	12,712,448	11,431,223	12,299,082	16,243,139
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government	,	2,224,773	1,967,246	2,524,430	2,196,861	1,839,534
Public safety		5,006,740	4,983,218	4,911,006	4,631,948	4,204,179
Highways and streets		1,884,773	1,698,887	1,735,326	1,711,363	1,375,028
Health and welfare		13,929	14,435	13,780	14,526	14,933
Cemetery		94,038	90,647	80,449	83,756	75,218
Debt service		94,036	90,047	00,449	65,750	73,210
Principal		1,280,244	5,320,557	432,215	214,423	745,766
Interest	•	109,181	211,144	242,614	347,567	433,822
Interest		109,181	211,144	242,014	347,307	433,822
	10),613,678	14,286,134	9,939,820	9,200,444	8,688,480
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures before						
capital outlay and debt refinancing	2	2,442,381	(1,573,686)	1,491,403	3,098,638	7,554,659
Capital outlay		497,219	1,385,407	3,121,429	2,074,582	7,021,019
Debt refinancing		-	-	-	3,910,000	
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures	\$	1,945,162	\$ (2,959,093)	\$ (1,630,026)	\$ (2,885,944)	\$ 533,640

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS COMPARISION OF OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUNDS YEARS ENDED APRIL 30, 2016 THROUGH 2020

WATERWORKS	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 2,009,346	\$ 1,689,125	\$ 1,717,901	\$ 1,641,456	\$ 1,317,572
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel services	626,275	590,966	599,171	618,908	533,036
Heat, light, and power	111,667	119,084	120,318	112,931	106,172
Materials and supplies	177,212	169,555	170,108	166,206	167,375
Other services and charges	 378,865	313,159	307,460	326,446	272,205
	 1,294,019	1,192,764	1,197,057	1,224,491	1,078,788
Cash Generated from Operations	715,327	496,361	520,844	416,965	238,784
Depreciation	 (530,488)	(543,075)	(504,550)	(390,106)	(382,510)
Operating income (loss)	\$ 184,839	\$ (46,714)	\$ 16,294	\$ 26,859	\$ (143,726)
SEWERAGE					
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 2,641,434	\$ 2,453,699	\$ 2,503,888	\$ 2,609,140	\$ 2,551,512
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel services	732,905	702,794	723,379	735,807	649,301
Heat, light, and power	178,589	176,021	171,699	163,910	150,421
Materials and supplies	63,466	56,233	65,268	45,576	30,499
Other services and charges	 495,827	455,780	428,190	343,317	312,041
	 1,470,787	1,390,828	1,388,536	1,288,610	1,142,262
Cash Generated from Operations	1,170,647	1,062,871	1,115,352	1,320,530	1,409,250
Depreciation	 (720,099)	(759,170)	(733,433)	(687,679)	 (681,366)

303,701 \$ 381,919 \$ 632,851 \$

727,884

450,548 \$

Operating income



CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION APRIL 30, 2020

		ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES		SINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL	(N	2019 Iemorandum Only)
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,683,175	\$	6,730,636	\$	20,413,811	\$	17,075,650
Investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		6,345,674		5,568,320		11,913,994		12,421,405
Property taxes		2,123,258		-		2,123,258		2,096,098
Other taxes		1,803,059		-		1,803,059		1,963,827
Special assessments		-		-		-		47,024
Accounts - customers		2,800		31,913		34,713		58,616
Estimated unbilled usage		-		465,095		465,095		380,526
Interest		52		1,344		1,396		7,033
Other		989,164		26,526		1,015,690		954,472
Internal balances		(1,371,653)		1,371,653		-		-
Inventory		42,880		-		42,880		25,238
Prepaid items		33,001		9,222		42,223		57,006
Restricted assets								
Cash and cash equivalents		1,019,795		739,502		1,759,297		1,041,120
Capital assets not		5 6 2 0 005		000 410		6 627 205		c 515 405
being depreciated		5,638,885		998,410		6,637,295		6,515,495
Capital assets, net of		2 < 1 0 7 2 1 0		22 244 254		7 0 2 0 5 17 1		<1.51.1.550
accumulated depreciation		26,185,210		32,211,261		58,396,471		61,514,753
Total assets		56,495,300		48,153,882		104,649,182		104,158,263
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension items - IMRF		_		-		_		601,330
Pension items - Police Pension		1,493,017		-		1,493,017		856,121
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,493,017		-		1,493,017		1,457,451
Total assets and deferred outflows								
of resources	\$	57,988,317	\$	48,153,882	Φ	106,142,199	\$	105,615,714
of resources	Ф	31,900,311	Φ	40,133,082	Ф	100,142,199	Ф	103,013,714

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	2019 (Memorandum Only)
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable				
and accrued liabilities	\$ 648,744	\$ 355,210	\$ 1,003,954	\$ 844,674
Construction retainage payable	3,300	·	3,300	1,500
Escrow and customer deposits	=	381,370	381,370	366,230
Deferred revenue	54,926	_	54,926	51,916
Long-term liabilities:	- ,-		- /-	- ,
Due within one year	304,885	695,148	1,000,033	1,136,006
Due in more than one year	3,369,050	7,548,515	10,917,565	12,685,947
Net pension liability - IMRF	1,833,766	-	1,833,766	3,067,197
Net pension liability -	-,,		-,,	-,,,
Police Pension	5,866,689	_	5,866,689	5,078,148
Total OPEB liability -	3,000,007		2,000,007	3,070,110
Retiree Health	3,131,949	_	3,131,949	3,148,559
Retiree Health	3,131,717		3,131,717	3,110,337
Total liabilities	15,213,309	8,980,243	24,193,552	26,380,177
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension items - IMRF	567,244		567 244	
Pension items - IWKF	307,244	-	567,244	
Total liabilities and defe	erred			
inflows of resources	15,780,553	8,980,243	24,760,796	26,380,177
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	28,671,503	25,025,644	53,697,147	54,789,274
Restricted for:				
Debt service	-	739,502	739,502	771,363
Other purposes	4,496,780	-	4,496,780	3,055,283
Unrestricted	9,039,481	13,408,493	22,447,974	20,619,617
Total net position	42,207,764	39,173,639	81,381,403	79,235,537
1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, ,	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, ,
	\$ 57,988,317	\$ 48,153,882	\$ 106,142,199	\$ 105,615,714

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

			PROGRAM REVENUES							
			OPERATINO				CAPI	TAL		
				CHARGES FOR		GRANTS AND	GRANT	S AND		
	E	EXPENSES		SERVICES	C	ONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIB	UTIONS		
FUNCTION/PROGRAMS										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	2,719,159	\$	715,176	\$	-	\$	-		
Public safety		5,102,411		159,008		25,388		-		
Highways and streets		3,693,096		11,532		20,500		383		
Health and welfare		13,929		-		-		-		
Cemetery		98,945		65,550		-		-		
Interest on long term debt		87,453		-		-				
Total governmental activities		11,714,993		951,266		45,888		383		
Business-type activities:										
Waterworks		1,789,946		1,984,232		383		-		
Sewerage		2,144,582		2,612,226		383				
Total business-type activities		3,934,528		4,596,458		766		_		
TOTAL	\$	15,649,521	\$	5,547,724	\$	46,654	\$	383		

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		SINESS -TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	2019 (Memorandum Only)		
	\$	(2,003,983) (4,918,015)	\$ -	\$	(2,003,983) (4,918,015)	\$	(977,448) (4,948,041)
		(3,660,681) (13,929) (33,395)	- - -		(3,660,681) (13,929) (33,395)		(3,582,651) (14,435) (24,961)
		(87,453)	-		(87,453)		(144,167)
		(10,717,456)	-		(10,717,456)		(9,691,703)
			194,669 468,027		194,669 468,027		(48,777) 309,929
		-	662,696		662,696		261,152
		(10,717,456)	662,696		(10,054,760)		(9,430,551)
General Revenues Taxes:							
Property Replacement		2,136,592 56,328	- -		2,136,592 56,328		2,114,048 54,973
Sales State income Other local		6,865,160 1,629,846 358,212	- - -		6,865,160 1,629,846 358,212		6,463,882 1,713,840 376,414
Motor fuel Interest on investments Other		617,769 254,736 49,893	- 172,382 87,608		617,769 427,118 137,501		446,488 401,611 102,368
Gain (loss) on sale of capital asset Transfers		(27,900) 134,303	(134,303)		(27,900)		705,421
Total general revenues and transfers		12,074,939	125,687		12,200,626		12,379,045
Change in net position		1,357,483	788,383		2,145,866		2,948,494
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		40,850,281	38,385,256		79,235,537		76,287,043
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	42,207,764	\$ 39,173,639	\$	81,381,403	\$	79,235,537

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2020

2019 (Memorandum General Nonmajor **Total** Only) **ASSETS** Cash and cash equivalents 7,308,857 4,143,761 \$ 11,452,618 9,052,331 Investments 3,819,117 506,424 4,325,541 4,904,690 Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Property taxes 1,092,502 1,030,756 2,123,258 2,096,098 Other taxes 1,799,590 3,469 1,803,059 1,963,827 47,024 Special assessments Accounts-customers 2,800 2,800 1,505 Other 187,164 738,448 925,612 912,339 Due from other funds 8,860 50,975 59,835 33,728 Due from other governments 49,133 49,133 36,668 Prepaid items 14,025 13,228 27,253 44,261 Inventory 42,880 25,238 42,880 Restricted assets Cash and cash equivalents 902,967 902,967 218,052 Total assets \$ 15,175,962 6,538,994 \$ 21,714,956 19,335,761

				2019 (Memorandum
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	General	Nonmajor	Total	Only)
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and				
accrued liabilities	\$ 523,885	\$ 78,715	\$ 602,600	\$ 528,320
Construction retainage payable	3,300	-	3,300	1,500
Due to other funds	50,975	-	50,975	49,155
Unearned revenue	18,950	-	18,950	51,916
Total liabilities	597,110	78,715	675,825	630,891
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue				
Property taxes	1,107,319	1,009,256	2,116,575	2,096,098
Special assessments	1,107,519	1,009,230	2,110,373	47,024
Other receivables	_	642,231	642,231	599,571
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		012,231	012,231	377,371
Total deferred inflows				
of resources	1,107,319	1,651,487	2,758,806	2,742,693
Fund balances				
Nonspendable				
Prepaids	14,025	13,228	27,253	44,261
Inventory	42,880	-	42,880	25,238
Restricted for:	12,000		12,000	25,250
Special Police Funds	261,034	_	261,034	118,973
Audit		45,251	45,251	42,248
Motor Fuel Tax	_	1,964,503	1,964,503	1,345,214
Incremental Tax	_	1,117,826	1,117,826	1,129,193
Liability Insurance	_	228,289	228,289	199,562
Illinois Municipal Retirement	_	62,290	62,290	48,239
RBDG	_	175,654	175,654	171,854
Infrastructure	641,933	-	641,933	-
Assigned for:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Special Police Funds	-	-	-	93,411
Capital Projects	1,517,583	-	1,517,583	1,512,256
Cemetery	-	232,089	232,089	287,735
Civil Defense	_	63,474	63,474	63,090
Storm Water Management	_	279,157	279,157	247,111
Illinois Municipal Retirement	-	305,967	305,967	248,548
Social Security	-	326,278	326,278	283,141
Debt Service	-	19,915	19,915	19,915
Unassigned	10,994,078	(25,129)	10,968,949	10,082,188
Total fund balances	13,471,533	4,808,792	18,280,325	15,962,177
	\$ 15,175,962	\$ 6,538,994	\$ 21,714,956	\$ 19,335,761

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2020

RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 18,280,325
Capital assets used in governmental activities of \$53,026,370, net of accumulated depreciation of \$23,275,407 are not financial resources and, therefore, are not	
reported in the governmental funds.	29,750,963
Property taxes and long term receivables are not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	2,722,830
Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services by one	
department to other departments of the City. The assets and liabilities of the internal	
service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	5,037,720
Long term liabilities, accrued interest and compensation are not due and payable in the	
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(14,509,847)
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes,	
net differences between projected and actual earnings for IMRF and the Police	
Pension Trust Fund are recognized as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of	
resources on the statement of net position	925,773
Net position of governmental activities.	\$ 42,207,764

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

					(M	2019 emorandum
	 General	Nonmajor		Total		Only)
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 1,081,904	\$ 1,048,527	\$	2,130,431	\$	2,008,850
Licenses and permits	536,644	-		536,644		490,734
Intergovernmental	8,885,444	641,871		9,527,315		9,055,597
Grant proceeds	22,032	, -		22,032		312,991
Charges for services	92,018	65,550		157,568		175,305
Fines and forfeitures	172,058	-		172,058		186,397
Interest	177,353	56,385		233,738		232,778
Rental	=	70,701		70,701		124,496
Other	 204,942	630		205,572		125,300
	11,172,395	1,883,664	1	13,056,059		12,712,448
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government	1,162,155	1,062,618		2,224,773		1,967,246
Public safety	4,981,260	25,480		5,006,740		4,983,218
Highways and streets	1,864,907	19,866		1,884,773		1,698,887
Health and welfare	13,929	· -		13,929		14,435
Cemetery	-	94,038		94,038		90,647
Capital outlay	320,793	176,426		497,219		1,385,407
Debt service						
Principal	-	1,280,244		1,280,244		5,320,557
Interest	 -	109,181		109,181		211,144
	 8,343,044	2,767,853	1	11,110,897		15,671,541
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 2,829,351	(884,189)		1,945,162		(2,959,093)
OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	603,893	1,593,789		2,197,682		6,163,282
Transfers out	(1,833,146)	(230,234)		(2,063,380)		(6,021,246)
Proceeds from sale of capital asset	-	238,684		238,684		1,235,300
Debt issuance	 -	-		-		1,000,000
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	 (1,229,253)	1,602,239		372,986		2,377,336
Net change in fund balances	1,600,098	718,050		2,318,148		(581,757)
FUND BALANCES,						
BEGINNING OF YEAR	 11,871,435	4,090,742	1	15,962,177		16,543,934
FUND BALANCES,						
END OF YEAR	\$ 13,471,533	\$ 4,808,792	\$ 1	18,280,325	\$	15,962,177

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 2,318,148
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the Statement of Activities	
Capital asset purchases	502,222
Depreciation expense	(2,077,110)
	(1,574,888)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, donations, and disposals)	(959,815)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position Principal payments on debt	1,283,759
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(19,863)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	34,863
Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services by one department to other departments of the City. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities	
in the Statement of Activities.	345,457
The change in not manaion liability for the Delice Trust Fund and Illinois	
The change in net pension liability for the Police Trust Fund and Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund is only reported in the Statement of Activities.	444,890
The change in deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Police Pension Trust Fund and Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	
is only reported in the Statement of Activities.	(531,678)
The change in the net OPEB liability is only reported in the Statement of Activities.	16,610
	 (960,665)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,357,483

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS APRIL 30, 2020

	Busi	ness-Type Activ	Governmental		
		Enterprise Fund	Activities -	2019	
				Internal	(Memorandum
	Waterworks	Sewerage	Total	Service Funds	Only)
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,433,091	\$ 4,297,545	\$ 6,730,636	\$ 2,230,557	\$ 8,017,651
Investments	1,114,512	4,453,808	5,568,320	2,020,133	7,516,715
Receivables (net of allowance					
for uncollectibles)					
Accounts - customers	10,728	21,185	31,913	-	57,111
Estimated unbilled usage	204,524	260,571	465,095	-	380,526
Interest	115	1,229	1,344	52	7,033
Other	-	26,526	26,526	14,419	5,465
Due from other funds	28,956	-	28,956	-	122,143
Prepaid items	4,260	4,962	9,222	5,748	12,745
Restricted assets					
Cash and cash equivalents		739,502	739,502	116,828	828,736
Total current assets	3,796,186	9,805,328	13,601,514	4,387,737	16,948,125
Capital assets, net of					
accumulated depreciation	10,889,568	22,320,103	33,209,671	2,073,132	35,744,582
Total assets	\$ 14,685,754	\$ 32,125,431	\$ 46,811,185	\$ 6,460,869	\$ 52,692,707

	Busin	Governmental Activities -	2019		
	Waterworks	Sewerage	Total	Internal Service Funds	(Memorandum Only)
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION					•
Current liabilities					
Current maturities of					
long term debt	\$ 223,464	\$ 466,593	\$ 690,057	\$ -	\$ 698,929
Accounts payable and					
accrued liabilities	123,045	232,165	355,210	29,126	275,966
Accrued compensated absences	2,354	2,737	5,091	1,118	8,946
Due to other funds	-	37,816	37,816	-	106,716
Customer deposits	381,370	-	381,370	=	366,230
Total current					
liabilities	730,233	739,311	1,469,544	30,244	1,456,787
Noncurrent liabilities					
Accrued compensated absences	21,862	31,243	53,105	12,392	61,518
Loans payable,	21,002	31,243	33,103	12,392	01,316
net of current maturities	1,303,517	6,191,893	7,495,410		8,096,883
het of current maturities	1,303,317	0,191,693	7,493,410	-	0,090,003
Total noncurrent					
liabilities	1,325,379	6,223,136	7,548,515	12,392	8,158,401
		, ,	, ,	,	, ,
Total liabilities	2,055,612	6,962,447	9,018,059	42,636	9,615,188
Net position					
Invested in capital assets,					
net of related debt	9,362,587	15,661,617	25,024,204	2,073,132	26,948,770
Restricted for:	7,302,307	13,001,017	25,024,204	2,073,132	20,740,770
IEPA loan debt service	_	739,502	739,502	_	771,363
Unrestricted	3,267,555	8,761,865	12,029,420	4,345,101	15,357,386
Omestreted	3,207,333	0,701,003	12,027,420	4,545,101	13,337,300
Total net position	12,630,142	25,162,984	37,793,126	6,418,233	43,077,519
	\$ 14,685,754	\$ 32,125,431		\$ 6,460,869	\$ 52,692,707
	. , , , , -	, -,	:	,,	, , - , - , -

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds

1,380,513

Net position of business-type activities

\$ 39,173,639

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

_			Type Activiti rprise Funds	Governmental Activities -		2019	
	Waterworks Sewerage		Total	Internal Service Funds	(M	(Memorandum Only)	
OPERATING REVENUES			g-				<i>y</i> /
Metered sales	\$ 1,296,964	\$	2,295,524	\$ 3,592,488	\$ -	\$	3,502,687
Charges for services	687,268		316,702	1,003,970	2,158,873		2,965,459
Employee contributions	-		-	-	187,010		168,157
Grant proceeds	383		383	766	-		1,448
Other	24,731		28,825	53,556	239,430		116,732
_	2,009,346		2,641,434	4,650,780	2,585,313		6,754,483
OPERATING EXPENSES							
General and administrative	-		-	-	-		435
Personnel services	626,275		732,905	1,359,180	1,456,883		2,916,021
Heat, light, and power	111,667		178,589	290,256	-		295,105
Materials and supplies	177,212		63,466	240,678	146,600		376,317
Other services and charges	378,865		495,827	874,692	173,064		947,823
Depreciation	530,488		720,099	1,250,587	358,717		1,627,630
<u>-</u>	1,824,507		2,190,886	4,015,393	2,135,264		6,163,331
Operating income	184,839		450,548	635,387	450,049		591,152
NONOPERATING (REVENUES) EXPENSES							
Interest income	(49,603))	(122,778)	(172,381)	(57,003)		(218,708)
Rental income	(34,052)		-	(34,052)	` ' '		(33,060)
Interest and fiscal agent fee expense	39,825		62,161	101,986	-		112,337
Gain on sale of equipment	· -		-	-	(21,256)		(54,966)
_	(43,830))	(60,617)	(104,447)	(78,259)		(194,397)
Net income before capital							
contributions and transfers	228,669		511,165	739,834	528,308		785,549
TRANSFERS IN (OUT), NET	(46,802))	(87,500)	(134,302)	-		(142,036)
Change in net position	181,867		423,665	605,532	528,308		643,513
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	G 12,448,275		24,739,319		5,889,925		42,434,006
TOTAL NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 12,630,142	\$	25,162,984		\$ 6,418,233	\$	43,077,519
RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT	COF ACTIVIT	ries					

RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES:

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds

Change in net position of business-type activities

\$ 788,383

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

		ess-Type Activ	Governmental	2010	
	<u>E</u>	Interprise Fun	ds	Activities -	2019
	Waterworks	Sewerage	Total	Internal Service Funds	(Memorandum Only)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	water works	Sewerage	Total	Service Fullus	Omy)
Receipts from customers and users Receipts from interfund services provided	\$ 1,977,029	\$ 2,614,656	\$ 4,591,685	\$ 1,612,439 961,118	\$ 5,689,316 1,077,014
Payments to suppliers	(686,571)	(622,028)	(1,308,599)	(1,667,501)	(3,221,173)
Payments to employees	(620,754)	(727,876)	(1,348,630)	(106,707)	(1,402,607)
Receipt of utility customer deposits	15,140	-	15,140	-	9,475
Net cash provided by operating activities	684,844	1,264,752	1,949,596	799,349	2,152,025
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Advances from (repayments to) other funds	53,100	(61,000)	(7,900)	32,187	(29,431)
Transfers to other funds	(46,802)	(87,500)	(134,302)	-	(142,036)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital and related financing activities	6,298	(148,500)	(142,202)	32,187	(171,467)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND					
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(124,075)	(576,655)	(700,730)	(782,506)	(988,228)
Proceeds from sale of equipment	-	-	-	332,967	78,475
Loan proceeds Principal paid on bond and loan maturities	(219,257)	70,716 (461,804)	70,716 (681,061)	-	(671,774)
Interest paid on bonds, loans	(21),237)	, , ,	, , ,		, ,
and capital leases	(42,058)	(62,457)	(104,515)	-	(112,323)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(385,390)	(1,030,200)	(1,415,590)	(449,539)	(1,693,850)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest received	50,821	126,692	177,513	57,508	218,717
Rental income received	34,052 1,564,363	4,173,542	34,052 5,737,905	1,570,013	33,060 244,009
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments Purchase of investments	(1,121,964)	(4,230,041)	(5,352,005)	(2,027,651)	(347,616)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	527,272	70,193	597,465	(400,130)	148,170
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	833,024	156,245	989,269	(18,133)	434,878
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,600,067	4,880,802	6,480,869	2,365,518	8,411,509
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,433,091	\$ 5,037,047	\$ 7,470,138	\$ 2,347,385	\$ 8,846,387

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities -					Go	vernmental			
	Enterprise Funds					Activities -		2019		
							Internal	(M	Iemorandum	
	Wa	aterworks	S	ewerage		Total	Ser	vice Funds		Only)
Reconciliation of operating income										
to net cash provided by operating activities:										
Operating income	\$	184,839	\$	450,548	\$	635,387	\$	450,049	\$	591,152
Adjustments to reconcile operating income										
to net cash provided by operating activities										
Depreciation		530,488		720,099		1,250,587		358,717		1,627,630
Increase in usage receivable		(32,317)		(27,054)		(59,371)		-		(28,052)
(Increase) decrease in other receivables		-		276		276		(11,756)		39,899
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		(1,357)		(973)		(2,330)		105		(1,180)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable										
and accrued liabilities		(11,406)		122,753		111,347		(448)		25,540
Increase (decrease) in accrued										
compensated absences		(543)		(897)		(1,440)		2,682		(8,594)
Decrease in retainage payable		-		-		-		-		(103,845)
Increase in customer deposits		15,140		-		15,140		_		9,475
Net cash provided by										
operating activities	\$	684,844	\$	1,264,752	\$	1,949,596	\$	799,349	\$	2,152,025

PRESENTATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Busin	Governmental Activities -		
	Waterworks Sewerage Total S		Internal Service Funds	
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and	\$ 2,433,091	\$ 4,297,545	\$ 6,730,636	\$ 2,230,557
cash equivalents		739,502	739,502	116,828
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,433,091	\$ 5,037,047	\$ 7,470,138	\$ 2,347,385

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS **APRIL 30, 2020**

	Pension Trust							
		Police Pension	Agency		Total		(M	2019 emorandum Only)
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	\$	742,394 6,871,705	\$	-	\$	742,394 6,871,705	\$	507,207 7,012,919
Employer contribution Interest Other		617,338 15,942		- - 2,470		617,338 15,942 2,470		540,961 17,182 2,540
Total assets	\$	8,247,379	\$	2,470	\$	8,249,849	\$	8,080,809
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION								
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governmental entities Due to other funds	\$	- - -	\$	- - 2,470	\$	- - 2,470	\$	2,268 317 2,470
Total liabilities				2,470		2,470		5,055
Net Position Reserved for police pension benefits		8,247,379		-		8,247,379		8,075,754
Total net position		8,247,379		-		8,247,379		8,075,754
	\$	8,247,379	\$	2,470	\$	8,249,849	\$	8,080,809

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION TRUST FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

	Pe	ension Trust			
		Police Pension	2019 (Memorandum Only)		
Additions					
Contributions					
Plan members' contributions	\$	153,915	\$	147,472	
Employer contributions		632,190		553,041	
Other		258		-	
Investment earnings					
Investment income		234,278		251,027	
Net gain (loss) in fair value of investments		(194,150)		113,347	
		826,491		1,064,887	
Deductions					
Benefits paid		625,188		606,049	
Administrative expenses		29,678		30,539	
		654,866		636,588	
Change in net position		171,625		428,299	
Net position					
Beginning of year		8,075,754		7,647,455	
End of year	\$	8,247,379	\$	8,075,754	

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

	Balance				Balance			
	April 30	0, 2019	Ad	ditions	Dec	ductions	Apri	30, 2020
SPECIAL ASSESSMENT								
COLLECTION FUND								
ASSETS								
Due from property owners	\$	2,470	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,470
I I A DIV VINES								
LIABILITIES Due to other funds	\$	2,470	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,470
Due to other runus	Ψ	2,470	Ψ		<u>Ψ</u>		Ψ	2,470
POLICE BOND REMITTANCE FUND								
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	-	\$	5,650	\$	5,650	\$	
LIABILITIES Due to other governmental entities	\$		\$	5,650	\$	5,650	\$	
Due to other governmental entities	Ψ	-	φ	3,030	φ	3,030	φ	
EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE FUND								
ASSETS Cash	\$	317	\$		\$	317	\$	
Casii	φ	317	φ	-	φ	317	φ	
LIABILITIES								
Due to other governmental entities	\$	317	\$	-	\$	317	\$	-
TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
TOTAL - MEE MOENCET FORDS								
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	317	\$	5,650	\$	5,967	\$	-
Due from property owners	\$	2,470 2,787	\$	5,650	•	5,967	\$	2,470 2,470
	Φ	2,767	φ	3,030	φ	3,907	Ф	2,470
LIABILITIES								
Due to other funds	\$	2,470	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,470
Due to other governmental entities	Φ.	317	Φ.	5,650	Φ	5,967	Φ.	- 2.450
	\$	2,787	\$	5,650	\$	5,967	\$	2,470

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Washington, Illinois conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant policies. Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails.

A. Nature of Operations

The City of Washington, located in Central Illinois, provides a broad range of services to citizens, including general government, public safety, streets, and the water and sewer utilities. Revenues are substantially generated as a result of taxes assessed and allocated to the City (examples would be property, sales, income, and motor fuel taxes), charges for services performed, and governmental grants. Revenues are therefore dependent on the economy within the territorial boundaries of the City and nearby surrounding area and the appropriations of grant entitlements at the federal/state government level. Taxable industry within the area is primarily retail. The surrounding area has a substantial agricultural base.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

Generally accepted accounting principles require the financial reporting entity to include the primary government and other organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable (component units). Financial accountability includes the primary government's ability to appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body, the ability to impose will on an organization, and if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government. Based on this guidance, management has determined there are no component units required to be included in the City's basic financial statements.

C. Basis of Presentation

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Provides introductory information on basic financial statements and an analytical overview of the City's financial activities.

Government wide financial statements – The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund financial statements – Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or if it meets the following criteria:

- total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Required supplementary information – A budgetary comparison schedule is presented. The original budget for revenues and expenditures is presented in comparison with the actual final budgetary revenues and expenditures.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources and expenditures not required by law or contractual agreement to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund expenditures include corporate, city hall, street, police, tourism and economic development, zoning operations, and fire and rescue subsidies.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources used to finance specified activities, as required by law or administrative regulation. The City maintains the following special revenue funds:

Cemetery Fund - Accounts for the operations of the municipal cemetery. Revenue is derived principally from sale of lots and interment fees.

Emergency Management Agency Fund (EMA) – Accounts for the operations of the City's program in connection with the "Illinois Emergency Services and Disaster Agency Act of 1975." Financing is provided through property taxes with the purpose to pay those costs which may be necessary or proper to prevent, minimize, repair and alleviate injury, loss of life, or property damage resulting from disasters caused by flood, earthquake, extended periods of severe and inclement weather, etc.

Audit Fund – Accounts for the cost of the annual audit of the City's financial statements.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund – Accounts for the state motor fuel tax revenue collected by the City and used in connection with the highway construction and maintenance projects of the City as authorized by the Illinois Department of Transportation.

Incremental Tax Fund – Accounts for the revenue and expenditures related to tax increment designated areas within the City.

Liability Insurance Fund – Accounts for the cost of insurance premiums and tort judgments or settlements of the City.

Storm Water Management Fund - Accounts for the revenue and expenditures in connection with storm water management.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund – Accounts for the expenditures related to the City's participation in the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund system.

Social Security/Medicare Fund – Accounts for the expenditures related to the City's portion of Social Security and Medicare for eligible employees.

Rural Business Development Grant (RBDG) Fund - Accounts for grant revenues legally restricted for making economic development loans to businesses and other organizations.

Capital Projects Fund – Capital projects funds are used to account for general construction or renovation projects being carried out by the City which are not financed by proprietary or trust funds. The City maintains the following capital projects fund:

Freedom Parkway Fund – Accounts for the improvement of Freedom Parkway for road and stormwater improvements.

Lakeshore Drive Fund - Accounts for the improvement of Lakeshore Drive for road and stormwater improvements.

Nofsinger Realignment Fund – Accounts for the improvement of Nofsinger Road and related Dallas Road Phase 2 improvement.

North Lawndale Special Service Area – Accounts for the improvement of North Lawndale Road for road, stormwater, water and sewer improvements.

West Holland Special Service Area – Accounts for the improvement of West Holland Road for road, stormwater, water and sewer improvements.

Debt Service Funds – Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general obligation bond principal, interest, and related costs. The City maintains the following debt service funds:

Mallard Crossing Fund - Accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general obligation bond principal, interest, and related costs for projects in the Mallard Crossing area. The debt in this fund was paid off during the current fiscal year.

Washington Area Community Center (WACC) Fund – Accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general obligation bond principal, interest, and related costs for the Washington Area Community Center project.

Washington 223 Fund – Accounts for the financial transactions related to the repayment of debt associated with the Washington 223 property. The Washington 223 fund is reported as a major fund. The debt in this fund was paid off during the current fiscal year.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise funds are used to account for operations: (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City maintains the following enterprise funds, which are reported as major funds:

Waterworks Fund – To account for the water service to the residents of the City. Revenue is provided through user charges which are designed to pay operating expenses (including depreciation of the Fund's fixed assets) and provide for a net income to finance the continued operations of the system.

Sewerage Fund – To account for the sewer services to the residents of the City. Revenue is provided through user charges which are designed to pay operating expenses (including depreciation of the Fund's fixed assets) and provide for a net income to finance the continued operations of the system.

Internal Service Funds – Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City maintains the following internal service funds:

Employees' Benefit Fund – Accounts for the City's health plan. The purpose of the Fund is to pay the premiums for health insurance of the City's employees and retirees and their covered dependents.

Motor Equipment Replacement Fund – Provides for the maintenance and repair of motorized equipment and vehicles used in the operations of City services. Revenue is from rental charges to user departments. Expenses include cost of labor, material, supplies, and services.

Capital Replacement Fund – Provides funding for non-motorized capital equipment in excess of \$5,000. Revenue is from rental charges to user departments. Expenses include cost for depreciation.

Fiduciary Funds

Pension Trust Fund – The Police Pension Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for the payment of retirement benefits to the City police.

Agency Funds – Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a custodial capacity (i.e., assets equal liabilities). Agency funds do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The City maintains the following agency funds:

Special Assessment Collection Fund – To account for the assets and liabilities related to certain special assessment projects.

Police Bond Remittance Fund – To account for bond monies collected by the police department and remitted to the Circuit Clerk.

Emergency Assistance Fund – To account for emergency assistance provided to those in need.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as defined in Basis of Accounting below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- 1. Governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- 2. Proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 75 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budget for all governmental fund types is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis that is used in the fund financial reporting. This allows for comparability between budget and actual amounts. The budget was passed on April 15, 2019. The budget was amended on August 5, 2019 and again on April 20, 2020.

For each fund, total fund expenditures may not legally exceed the budgeted expenditures. Unexpended budgeted amounts lapse at the end of each fiscal year. Spending control is established by the amount of expenditures budgeted for the fund, but management control is exercised at the line item level. Encumbrances accounting is not employed.

The City adopts its annual budget in accordance with Chapter 65, Paragraph 5/8-2-9.4 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes, as follows:

- (1) The budget officer submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- (2) A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- (3) Prior to May 1, the budget is legally adopted through passage of an ordinance.
- (4) Budgeted amounts may be transferred between object classes within a fund at any time. The annual budget may be revised by a vote of two-thirds of the City Council by deleting, adding to, or changing budgeted items. No revision of the budget can be made increasing the budget in the event funds are not available.

The City also adopts an informal operating budget for proprietary funds containing estimated revenues and expenditures, which is used as a management control device.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

G. Investments

Investments classified in the financial statements consist of certificates of deposit and Police Pension Trust Fund investments, including federal agency notes, mutual funds, certificates of deposit, treasury inflation protected securities and corporate bonds. Investments are stated at fair value.

The City's investment policy is to invest in allowable investments under the Illinois Compiled Statutes. These include (a) interest-bearing savings accounts and certificates of deposit and (b) bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, treasury bills, or other securities which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. In addition to the investments listed above, the City's police pension trust fund may also invest in various money market mutual funds, short-term corporate obligations, and diversified portfolios managed by life insurance companies or registered investment companies within the guidelines established under Section 1-113 of Article 5 of the Illinois Pension Code.

H. Real Estate Taxes

Real estate taxes are a lien on individual properties from January 1 in the year in which the taxes are levied. The levy must be filed with the County Clerk by the last Tuesday in December each year. The tax levy for amounts received in the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020 was passed December 17, 2018. Due dates, by statute, are June 1 and September 1 of the following year. Generally, collections of tax monies are made within 30 to 60 days of the due dates.

I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

J. Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Position. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. Contributed or donated assets are carried at their estimated market value as of the date received. Prior to May 1, 2004 governmental funds infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Infrastructure assets acquired since May 1, 2004 are recorded at cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives and capitalization threshold by type of asset is as follows:

Capitalization

	<u>Useful Life</u>	Threshold
Buildings	20-50 years	\$10,000
Land improvements	20 years	\$10,000
Water and sewer systems	10-60 years	\$10,000
Equipment	3-50 years	\$1,000
Infrastructure	20-50 years	\$10,000

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

K. Compensated Absences

The City's sick leave policy allows for twelve sick days per year. Employees with unused sick leave accumulated prior to January 1, 1992, may carry forward up to 30 days and will be paid for unused hours remaining upon an employee's retirement or separation from City service at the employee's hourly rate of pay in effect on December 31, 1991. Sick leave accumulated since December 31, 1991 and not covered by the terms of the police officer's collective bargaining agreement does not vest. For employees covered by the police officer's collective bargaining agreement, sick leave accumulates at their current hourly rate.

The City's vacation policy allows each regular full-time employee assigned as a sergeant or to a position classification of a range lower than 98 within the City's position classification system, and not otherwise covered by the terms of a collective bargaining agreement, to earn two weeks of vacation after one year of service and one additional day for each year of service in excess of six years, up to a maximum vacation time of five weeks. Each regular full-time employee with a position classification of a range 98 or above, or a Department position classification without a contract, earns two weeks of vacation after one year of service and up to five years of service, three weeks of vacation from five to ten years of service, four weeks of vacation from eleven to fifteen years of service, and five weeks of vacation for sixteen and more years of

service. For employees with up to 15 years of service, up to one week of vacation may be carried over to the following year. Employees with 15 or more years of service may carry two weeks of vacation over to the following year. Upon termination, an employee is entitled to be paid for any vested vacation from the prior year and a prorated share of the current year's vacation. The City Council passed an ordinance to amend the personnel manual to provide for non-union part-time employee leave. The employee must have worked 1,000 hours in the prior year to qualify. The employee will receive up to 80 hours of paid leave based on the ratio of total hours worked by the employee to 2,080 hours.

M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates based on management's knowledge and experience. Due to their prospective nature, actual results could differ from those estimates.

N. Long Term Obligations

In the government-wide statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as current expenditures.

O. Equity Classification

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- (1) Invested in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- (2) Restricted net position Net position with constraints placed on their use by external groups or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- (3) Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

The governmental activities column of the government wide statement of net position reports \$4,496,780 of restricted net position for other purposes. Of this amount, the following are restricted by enabling legislation related to the audit fund of \$45,251, motor fuel tax of \$1,964,503, incremental tax of \$1,117,826, liability insurance of \$228,289, Illinois Municipal Retirement of \$62,290 and RBDG of \$175,654. In addition, \$261,034 is restricted for drug and alcohol enforcement, police fundraising, education, vehicle seizures and miscellaneous other police purposes, and \$641,933 is restricted for use in infrastructure projects resulting from the home rule sales tax ordinance.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. The components of fund balance are:

Non-spendable – consists of resources that cannot be spent because of their form.

- Restricted consists of resources which have limitations imposed by enabling legislation and limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, or contributors.
- Committed consists of resources which have limitations imposed by the governing board through formal action.
- Assigned consists of resources which have limitations resulting from management's intended use.
- Unassigned consists of the residual net resources of a fund.

The City's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. If different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending, the City considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and, lastly unassigned funds.

Reserves for bond debt service in the Enterprise Funds have been established to provide for certain restricted accounts as required by bond ordinances. These restrictions are described at Note 4.

P. Program Revenues

In the Statement of Activities, revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

General Government – Licenses, permits, fees, fines and grants.

Public Safety - Fine revenue, reimbursement for school resource officer services and specific donations.

Highways and Streets – Fees and grants.

Cemetery – Grave sites, interment fees and footings.

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Q. Operating Revenue and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds result from providing services and producing and delivering goods/and or services. They also include all revenues and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

R. Interfund Balances and Activities

Short-term amounts owed between funds are classified as "due to/from other funds", representing expenditures paid by one fund on behalf of the other. Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

Internal balances – Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as internal balances.

Internal activities – Amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as transfers-internal activities.

S. Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has defined benefit pension plan items and a defined benefit OPEB plan item that qualify for this treatment. These outflows are described at Note 5.

Deferred inflows of resources: In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes, special assessments, and other receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The government wide statement of net position reports the City's defined benefit pension plan items that qualify for this treatment. These inflows are described at Note 5.

T. Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated subsequent events through September 18, 2020September 18, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Investment risks include credit risk (custodial credit risk and concentrations of credit risk), interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. Deposit risks include custodial credit risk and foreign currency risk.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The City's deposit policy provides that all deposits be guaranteed by the U.S. government, insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), or fully collateralized with securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name or by its counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name.

The City's cash and cash equivalents at April 30, 2020 consisted of deposits with financial institutions.

Monies are invested in fully collateralized time deposits in Illinois financial institutions, in collateralized repurchase agreements, and in treasury mutual funds that invest in U.S. Treasury obligations and collateralized repurchase agreements.

As of April 30, 2020, \$33,699,522 of the City's bank balances, including checking, savings and money market accounts and certificates of deposits, were over the FDIC insurance limit but was covered by collateral held by the pledging bank.

At April 30, 2020, all the City's deposits, excluding \$2,050 in cash on hand, were covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.

The following is a reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at April 30, 2020:

	Car	Tynig Amount
Money market funds	\$	22,049,151
Checking and savings		864,301
Cash on hand		2,050
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,915,502

The deposits are reflected on the financial statements at April 30, 2020 as follows:

Government-wide statement of net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,413,811
Restricted assets – cash and cash equivalents	1,759,297
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	742,394
	\$ 22,915,502

Investments

As of April 30, 2020, the City had the following investments:

	Fair Value/ Carrying	Average Credit Quality/	Weighted Average Years to
Type of Investment	Amount	Ratings (1)	Maturity (2)
Primary Government			
Certificates of deposit	\$ 11,913,994	N/A	0.70
Fiduciary Fund			
Certificates of deposit	1,424,657	N/A	1.99
Mutual funds-equities	2,860,158	N/A	N/A
Money market	354,010	N/A	N/A
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities	387,969	N/A	2.77
Corporate bonds	1,844,911	A	2.67
Total Fiduciary Fund Investments	6,871,705	_	
Total Investments	\$ 18,785,699	_	

- (1) Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated credit risk. N/A indicates not applicable. Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk.
- (2) Interest rate risk is estimated using the weighted average years to maturity method.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investing for the Fiduciary Fund is performed in accordance with investment policies adopted by the Board of Trustees complying with Illinois Compiled Statutes. Funds shall be invested as per Illinois Pension Code Section 3-135 and by the Public Funds Investment Act (20 ILCS 235/01).

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The Fund's policy provides that investments are diversified to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity period, a single issuer, or an individual class of securities while the Fund maintains sufficient liquidity. Investment guidelines have been established for monies invested to meet approximate market rates of return on its investments, consistent with constraints established by its safety objectives, cash flow considerations, and Illinois State laws that restrict the placement of public funds.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The City's policy provides that investments be diversified or collateralized to avoid incurring unreasonable risks regarding specific security types and/or financial institutions.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. Investments representing 5% or more of total investments at April 30, 2020 are as follows:

Certificates of Deposit – Morton Community Bank

\$ 9,869,608

NOTE 3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance May 1, 2019	Additions	Dolotions	Dodogify	Balance April 30, 2020
Governmental activities:	May 1, 2019	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Reclassify	<u>April 30, 2020</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 5,322,831	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,322,831
Construction in process	556,818	171,334	412,098	-	316,054
Total capital assets not					
being depreciated	5,879,649	171,334	412,098	-	5,638,885
Other capital assets:					
Land improvements	815,455	79,481	357,830	_	537,106
Buildings	4,867,489	120,480	-	_	4,987,969
Infrastructure	40,415,193	36,403	_	_	40,451,596
Equipment and vehicles	4,956,605	877,029	738,140	-	5,095,494
Total other capital assets	51,054,742	1,113,393	1,095,970	-	51,072,165
Less accumulated					
depreciation for:					
Land improvements	248,342	19,132	-	-	267,474
Buildings	1,479,440	104,691	-	-	1,584,131
Infrastructure	18,586,411	2,045,403	-	-	20,631,814
Equipment and vehicles	2,373,478	456,487	426,429		2,403,536
Total accumulated					
depreciation	22,687,671	2,625,713	426,429	-	24,886,955
Other capital assets, net	28,367,071	(1,512,320)	669,541	-	26,185,210
Governmental activities, net	\$ 34,246,720	\$(1,340,986)	\$ 1,081,639	_	\$ 31,824,095

	Balance May 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2020
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 242,176	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 242,176
Construction in process	393,670	390,180	27,616	756,234
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	635,846	390,180	27,616	998,410
Other capital assets:				
Water system	15,962,336	31,303	-	15,993,639
Sewer system	36,139,040	233,031	-	36,372,071
Equipment	2,988,589	49,832	29,468	3,008,953
Total other capital assets	55,089,965	314,166	29,468	55,374,663
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Water system	6,679,652	490,510	-	7,170,162
Sewer system	14,211,051	702,948	-	14,913,999
Equipment	1,051,580	57,129	29,468	1,079,241
Total accumulated depreciation	21,942,283	1,250,587	29,468	23,163,402
Other capital assets, net	33,147,682	(936,421)		32,211,261
Business- type activities, net	\$ 33,783,528	\$ (546,241)	\$ 27,616	\$ 33,209,671

Depreciation expense was charged as follows in the Statement of Activities:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 168,514
Public safety	128,060
Highways and streets	1,962,298
Cemetery	8,123
Capital assets held by the government's internal service fund are	
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	358,718
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	\$ 2,625,713
Business-Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 530,488
Sewer	720,099
Total depreciation expense for business-type activities	\$ 1,250,587

NOTE 4. LONG-TERM DEBT

The City's long term debt is segregated between amounts to be paid from governmental activities and amounts repaid from business type activities. The changes in the City's long-term debt for the year ended April 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Balance May 1, 2019	Additions	Reductions	Balance April 30, 2020	Amount Due In One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General obligation bonds:					
Special Service Area Bond,	\$ 46,000	\$ -	\$ 46,000	\$ -	\$ -
Mallard Crossing Refunding Promissory Note	\$ 40,000	\$ -	\$ 40,000	5 -	Ф -
WACC	3,435,000		275,000	3,160,000	280,000
Promissory Notes	3,433,000	-	273,000	3,100,000	280,000
Washington 223	959,244	_	959,244	_	_
Capitalized equipment	757,244		757,244		
leases	5,678	_	3,515	2,163	2,163
Vested compensated	2,070		3,515	2,103	2,103
absences	520,583	-	8,811	511,772	22,722
			,	•	
Total Governmental					
Activities	\$ 4,966,505	\$ -	\$ 1,292,570	\$ 3,673,935	\$ 304,885
Business-Type Activities:					
2009 Illinois Environmental					
Protection Agency Loan	\$ 3,473,350	\$ -	\$ 289,446	\$ 3,183,904	\$ 289,446
2017 Illinois Environmental	Ψ 5,475,550	Ψ	Ψ 207,440	Ψ 3,103,704	Ψ 20),110
Protection Agency Loan,					
Phase 2A	3,576,224	_	101,642	3,474,582	177,147
Promissory Note	3,370,224		101,042	3,474,302	177,147
AMR – Meter					
Replacement	1,746,238	_	219,257	1,526,981	223,464
Vested compensated	1,7 10,230		217,237	1,520,501	223,101
absences	59,636	_	1,440	58,196	5,091
acsonecs	27,030		1,170	20,170	3,071
Total Business-Type					
Activities	\$ 8,855,448	\$ -	\$ 611,785	\$ 8,243,663	\$ 695,148

Refunding Promissory Note

In fiscal year 2015, the City entered into a promissory note agreement with South Side Bank and Trust (now known as Busey Bank) for the purpose of refinancing the 2006 WACC bonds. The loan carries a fixed interest rate of 2.50 percent for a term of 15 years. Payments are due annually, including interest, thereafter, with final payment due May 15, 2029.

Principal	<u>I</u> 1	<u>nterest</u>	Total
\$ 280,000	\$	75,500	\$ 355,500
290,000		68,375	358,375
295,000		61,063	356,063
305,000		53,563	358,563
1,640,000		147,876	1,787,876
350,000		4,375	354,375
\$ 3,160,000	\$	410,752	\$ 3,570,752
	\$ 280,000 290,000 295,000 305,000 1,640,000	\$ 280,000 \$ 290,000 295,000 305,000 1,640,000 350,000	\$ 280,000 \$ 75,500 290,000 68,375 295,000 61,063 305,000 53,563 1,640,000 147,876 350,000 4,375

Capital Leases

The City entered into capital lease agreement for the purchase of a copier. The lease has a term of five years, monthly payments of \$316 with an imputed interest rate of 6.785%.

The future minin	num lea	ase payme	nts are	as follows	3:	
Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	Iı	nterest		Total
2021	\$	2,163	\$	50	\$	2,213

Business-Type Activities

2009 IEPA Loan Payable

In fiscal year 2010, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) for the purpose of paying a part of the cost of constructing, improving, and extending the City's sewerage system facilities. The loan carries zero percent interest rate for a term of twenty years. The debt service requirements on this loan are as follows:

Years Ending April 30,	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>	
2021	\$ 289,446	\$ -	\$ 289,446	
2022	289,446	-	289,446	
2023	289,446	-	289,446	
2024	289,446	-	289,446	
2025	289,446	-	289,446	
2026-2030	1,447,229	-	1,447,229	
2031	289,445	-	289,445	
Total	\$ 3,183,904	\$ -	\$ 3,183,904	

The sewer loan ordinance for the IEPA loan requires monies held in the Sewerage Enterprise Fund to be segregated and restricted in separate special restricted accounts in the priority indicated by the order of the following:

	Account	<u>Amount</u>	Nature of Authorized <u>Expenditures</u>
(a)	Operation and maintenance	Amount sufficient, when added to amount then on deposit, to establish a balance equal to an amount not less than the amount necessary to pay operation and maintenance expenses for two months. The City ensures each month that the operating accounts of the Sewerage Enterprise Fund have adequate funds to meet this covenant. A separate account has not been established.	Expenses of operating, maintaining, and repairing the system.
(b)	Bond, interest, and principal	Amount that results from the monthly accumulation of not less than a pro-rata of the interest becoming due on the next succeeding interest payment date and not less than a pro-rata of the principal becoming due on the next succeeding principal payment date. As of April 30, 2020, \$131,666 has been required to be accumulated.	Paying current principal and interest on bonds.
(c)	Bond reserve	1/24 of maximum annual debt service per month, until the account accumulates the total sum of \$289,446 (maximum annual debt service). As of April 30, 2020, \$289,446 has been accumulated.	Paying principal and interest on bonds in the event that the bond and interest account has insufficient funds.
(d)	Depreciation	1/120 of 10% of the total outstanding debt, until 10% of the total outstanding balance is accumulated. As of April 30, 2020, \$318,390 has been accumulated.	Paying principal and interest on bonds or extraordinary maintenance and repair costs in the event that no other funds are available for these purposes.
(e)	Surplus	The amount remaining after payment into the above accounts. This is accounted for as the remainder of the unrestricted funds of the Sewerage Enterprise Fund.	Constructing or acquiring repairs, improvements or extensions to the system, calling or redeeming bonds or any other lawful purpose of the system.
The follo	owing amounts are	reported as restricted cash as follows:	

\$ 739,502

Sewerage Fund

2017 IEPA Loan Payable

In fiscal year 2017, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) for the purpose of paying a part of the cost of constructing, improving, and extending the City's sewerage system facilities. The loan carries a 1.75 percent interest rate for a term of twenty years. The debt service requirements on this loan are as follows:

Years Ending April 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total
2021	\$ 177,147	\$ 60,035	\$ 237,182
2022	180,261	56,921	237,182
2023	183,431	53,751	237,182
2024	186,654	50,528	237,182
2025	189,935	47,247	237,182
2026-2030	1,000,939	184,971	1,185,910
2031-2035	1,092,051	93,859	1,185,910
2036-2037	464,164	10,200	474,364
Total	\$ 3,474,582	\$ 557,512	\$ 4,032,094

Promissory Note

In fiscal year 2016, the City entered into a promissory note agreement with Morton Community Bank for the purpose of financing the purchase and installation of a system of remote read water meters. The loan carries a fixed interest rate of 2.46 percent. Payments are due in semi-annual amounts of \$130,657, including interest, thereafter, with final payment due June 2, 2026.

Years Ending April 30,	<u>P</u>	rincipal	<u>I</u>	<u>nterest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2021	\$	223,464	\$	37,851	\$	261,315
2022		230,234		31,081		261,315
2023		236,012		25,303		261,315
2024		241,936		19,379		261,315
2025		247,966		13,349		261,315
2026-2027		347,369		8,242		355,611
	\$ 1	1,526,981	\$	135,205	\$ 1	,662,186

Debt Covenants

The various bond indentures contain limitations and restrictions on annual debt service requirements, maintenance of and flow of monies through various restricted accounts, and minimum amounts to be maintained in various funds. The City is in compliance with all financial limitations and restrictions. The City is a home-rule municipality and, accordingly, is not subject to any constitutional debt limit.

NOTE 5. RETIREMENT PLANS AND OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description. The City's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of December 31, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total	100
Active Plan Members	38
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	26
Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	36

Contributions

As set by statute, the City's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2019 was 12.54%. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, the City contributed \$328,599 to the plan. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2019:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal.
- The Asset Valuation Method used was Market Value of Assets.
- The Inflation Rate was assumed to be 2.50%.
- Salary Increases were expected to be 3.35% to 14.25%, including inflation.
- The Investment Rate of Return was assumed to be 7.25%.
- Projected Retirement Age was from the Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience study from years 2014 to 2016.
- For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- For Disabled Retirees, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table, applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives.
- For Active Members, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2019:

Asset Class	Portfolio Target Percentage	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	37%	5.75%
International Equity	18%	6.50%
Fixed Income	28%	3.25%
Real Estate	9%	5.20%
Alternative Investments	7%	3.60-7.60%
Cash Equivalents	<u>1%</u>	1.85%
Total	100%	

Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 2.75%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

		Total			
		Pension	Plan Fiduciary	N	let Pension
		Liability	Net Position		Liability
	_	(A)	(B)	_	(A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2018	5	\$15,364,621	\$ 12,297,424	\$	3,067,197
Changes for the year:					
Service Cost		248,219	-		248,219
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		1,095,502	-		1,095,502
Differences Between Expected and Actual					
Experience of the Total Pension Liability		258,156	-		258,156
Changes of Assumptions		-	-		-
Contributions - Employer		-	307,825		(307,825)
Contributions - Employees		-	110,464		(110,464)
Net Investment Income		-	2,351,809		(2,351,809)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds					
of Employee Contributions		(756,719)	(756,719)		-
Other (Net Transfer)		-	65,210		(65,210)
Net Changes		845,158	2,078,589		(1,233,431)
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$	16,209,779	\$ 14,376,013	\$	1,833,766
	_	1			

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	1% Lower	Current	1% Higher	
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)	_
Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,933,725	\$ 1,833,766	\$ 96,441	

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2020, the City recognized pension benefit of \$64,857 resulting from a change in actuarial estimates. At April 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension Expense in Future Periods			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	230,344	\$ 343,233
Changes of assumptions		248,778	202,954
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		1,069,239	1,680,066
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods		1,548,361	2,226,253
Employer Pension Contributions made subsequent			
to the Measurement Date		110,648	_
Total deferred amounts related to IMRF pension	\$	1,659,009	\$ 2,226,253

The City reported \$110,648 as deferred outflows or resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended April 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Net Deferred Outflows of Resources		Ne	et Deferred Inflows of Resources
2020	\$	-	\$	211,006
2021		-		254,013
2022		81,157		-
2023				294,030
Total	\$	81,157	\$	759,049

Police Pension

Plan Description. The City of Washington Police Pension Trust Fund was created and is administered as prescribed by "Article 3. Police Pension Fund – Municipalities 500,000 and Under" of the Illinois Pension Code (Illinois Compiled Statutes, 1992, Chapter 40). Provisions of the plan can only be modified by State legislation. The Police Pension Trust Fund is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers the police-sworn personnel of the City. The Police Pension Trust Fund, which is administered by the City, provides retirement, death, and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries.

Benefits Provided.

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits.

Normal Retirement:

Date Tier 1: Age 50 and 20 years of Credited Service.

Date Tier 2: Age 55 with 10 years of Credited Service.

Benefit Tier 1: 50% of annual salary attached to rank on last day of service plus 2.50% of annual salary for each year of service over 20 years, up to a maximum of 75% of salary. The minimum monthly benefit is \$1,000 per month.

Benefit Tier 2: 2.50% per year of service times the average salary for the eight consecutive years prior to retirement times the number of years of service, up to a maximum of 75% of average salary. The minimum monthly benefit is \$1,000 per month.

Disability:

Eligibility: Total and permanent as determined by the Board of Trustees.

Benefit Amount: A maximum of:

- a.) 65% of salary attached to the rank held by Member on last day of service, and;
- b.) The monthly retirement pension that the Member is entitled to receive if he or she retired immediately.

For non-service connected disabilities, a benefit of 50% of salary attached to rank held by Member on last day of service.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments:

Tier 1: Retirees - An annual increase equal to 3.00% per year after age 55. Those that retire prior to age 55 receive an increase of 1/12 of 3.00% for each full month since benefit commencement upon reaching age 55.

Tier 1: Disabled Retirees - An annual increase equal to 3.00% per year of the original benefit amount beginning at age 60. Those that become disabled prior to age 60 receive an increase of 3.00% of the original benefit amount for each year since benefit commencement upon reaching age 60.

Tier 2: An annual increase each January 1 equal to 3.00% per year or one-half of the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, whichever is less, of the original pension after the attainment of age 60 or first anniversary of pension start date whichever is later.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefit:

Service Incurred: 100% of salary attached to rank held by Member on last day of service.

Non-Service Incurred: A maximum of:

- a.) 50% of salary attached to the rank held by Member on last day of service, and;
- b.) The monthly retirement pension earned by the deceased Member at the time of death, regardless of whether death occurs before or after age 50

For non-service deaths with less than 10 years of service, a refund of member contributions is provided.

Vesting (Termination):

Vesting Service Requirement: Tier 1: 8 years. Vesting Service Requirement: Tier 2: 10 years.

Non-Vested Benefit: Refund of Member Contributions.

Vested Benefit: Either the termination benefit, payable upon reaching age 60, provided contributions are not withdrawn, or a refund of member contributions. The termination benefit is 2.50% of annual salary held in the year prior to termination (8-year final average salary for Tier 2) times creditable service.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of April 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active Plan Members	36
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	3
Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	12

Contributions

Qualifying employees are required to contribute 9.91 percent of their base salary to the Police Pension Trust Fund. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan at an actuarially determined rate. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, the City contributed \$632,190 to the plan.

Investment Policy

Illinois Compiled Statues (ILCS) limit the Police Pension Fund's (the Fund) investments to those allowable by ILCS and require the Fund's Board of Trustees to adopt an investment policy which can be amended by a majority vote of the Board of Trustees. The Funds investment policy authorizes the Fund to make deposits/invest in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, insured credit union shares, money market, mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreements to repurchase theses same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, investment grade corporate bonds and Illinois Funds. The Fund may also invest in certain non-U.S. obligations, Illinois municipal corporations tax anticipation warrants, obligations of the State of Illinois and its political subdivisions, Illinois insurance company general and separate accounts, mutual funds and corporate equity securities and real estate investment trusts. During the year, no changes were made to the investment policy.

ILCS limit the Fund's investments in equities, mutual funds and variable annuities to 45%. Securities in any one company should not exceed 5% of the total fund.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of April 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The components of the net pension liability of the Police Pension Plan as of April 30, 2019 were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 13,942,444
Plan fiduciary net position	8,075,755
City's net pension liability	5,866,689
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	
the total pension liability	57.92%

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at April 30, 2019:

- The Inflation Rate was assumed to be 2.50%.
- Salary Increases were expected to be service based.
- The Investment Rate of Return was assumed to be 6.75%.
- Projected Retirement Age was based on studies of the fund and the Department of Insurance.
- The rates for Mortality (for non-disabled retirees) were developed from the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality with a blue-collar adjustment, projected to the valuation date with Scale BB.
- The rates for Mortality (for disabled retirees) were developed from the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality projected to the valuation date with Scale BB.
- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments can be determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of Pension Plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These rages are combined to produce the Long-Term Expected Rate of Return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of April 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	5.00%	0.50%
Corporate investment grade	20.00%	0.75%
Domestic equities	33.75%	6.60%
International developed	11.25%	6.00%
Cash and equivalents	30.00%	0.00%
Total	100.00%	<u>.</u>

Discount Rate

The Discount Rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the Discount Rate assumed that Plan Member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the Member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Pension Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability. For purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.75 percent; the municipal bond rate is 3.21 percent (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index as published by the The Bond Buyer); and the resulting single discount rate is 6.75 percent.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	T	Total Pension		an Fiduciary		et Pension
		Liability (A)	N	Vet Position (B)		Liability (A) - (B)
Balances at April 30, 2018	\$	12,725,495	\$	7,647,347	\$	5,078,148
Changes for the year:	_	,,	_	.,,	_	2,0.0,0.0
Service Cost		322,692		-		322,692
Interest		860,298		-		860,298
Differences Between Expected and						
Experience		167,797		-		167,797
Changes of Assumptions		467,158		-		467,158
Contributions - Employer		-		553,041		(553,041)
Contributions - Employees		-		142,419		(142,419)
Contributions - Buy Back		5,053		5,053		-
Net Investment Income (Loss)		-		341,748		(341,748)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds						
of Employee Contributions		(606,049)		(606,049)		-
Administrative expense		-		(7,804)		7,804
Net Changes		1,216,949		428,408		788,541
Balances at April 30, 2019	\$	13,942,444	\$	8,075,755	\$	5,866,689

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	1% Lower	Current	1% Higher
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,939,695	\$ 5,866,689	\$ 4,184,961

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$788,541. At April 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension		
Expense in Future Periods Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 208,720	\$ 271,135
Changes of assumptions	729,315	80,736
Net difference between projected and actual	, _, ,,	23,.23
earnings on pension plan investments	274,663	-
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods	1,212,698	351,871
Pension Contributions made subsequent to the Measurement Date	632,190	
Total deferred amounts related to the Police Pension	\$ 1,844,888	\$ 351,871

The City reported \$632,190 as deferred outflows or resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended April 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Deferred Outflows of Resources
2020	\$ 254,588
2021	150,938
2022	161,769
2023	144,845
2024	40,848
Thereafter	 107,839
Total	\$ 860,827

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB plan

Plan Description

The City of Washington's Retiree Health Care Plan (Plan) is a single-employer define benefit post-employment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees of the City. The Plan, which is administered by the City, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under the applicable retirement plan to continue medical insurance coverage as a participant in the City's plan. For purposes of applying Paragraph 4 under Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions, the Plan does not meet the requirements for an OPEB plan administered through a trust.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At April 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	10
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	60
	70

Benefits provided

Eligible retirees participating in the group insurance plans offered by the City and are required to contribute a portion of the active premiums. At April 30, 2018, the retiree's portion of coverage was \$170/month for family and \$81/month for single after a wellness incentive premium reduction of \$50/month. Additionally, the City pays 100% of the retiree premium for dental insurance coverage for eligible retirees. Retirees ineligible for this benefit must pay 100% of the active premium for medical and/or dental insurance to remain covered by the plan. To be eligible for the Plan, retirees need to be at least 55 years old, have combined age and years of service of at least 80, and have been hired by the City before August 1, 1998 to receive the retiree health and dental insurance benefits or meet retirement eligibility under one of the pension plans offered by the City.

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$3,131,949 was measured as of April 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the April 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	2.50%
Discount rate	3.21%
Initial trend rate	8.50%
Ultimate trend rate	4.00%
Years to ultimate	55

For all lives, mortality rates were RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables projected to the valuation date using Projection Scale AA.

Discount Rate

Given the City's decision not to fund the program through a trust, all future benefit payments were discounted using a high-quality municipal bond rate of 3.21%. The high-quality municipal bond rate was based on the week closest but not later than the measurement date of the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index as published by the Federal Reserve. The 20-Bond Index consists of 20 general obligation bonds that mature in 20 years. The average rating of the 20 bonds is roughly equivalent to Moody's Investors Service's Aa2 rating and Standard & Poor's Corp.'s AA.

	Increases and (Decreases) Total OPEB Liability			
Reporting Period Ended April 30, 2019	\$ 3,148,559			
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost	56,394			
Interest	120,504			
Changes of Assumptions	149,019			
Benefit Payments	(342,527)			
Net Changes		(16,610)		
Reporting Period Ended April 30, 2020	\$	3,131,949		

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.97% for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019 to 3.21% for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	2.21%	3.21%	4.21%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3,350,974	\$ 3,131,949	\$ 2,938,617

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rates that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	3.00% - 7.50%	4.00% - 8.50%	5.00%-9.50%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,918,545	\$ 3,131,949 \$	3,374,491

Retirement Health Savings Plan

In August 2007, the City initiated four retirement health savings plans which cover the unionized telecommunicators, the unionized police and public services employees and non-union employees hired after July 31, 1998. On June 30, 2018, the telecommunications health savings plan was terminated and plan funds were transferred to the non-union employees plan. The City will contribute 1.75% of an eligible participant's base wage plus longevity, with the exception of police officers who receive 1.5% of base plus longevity on an annual basis. The funds will be available to any participant upon separation from service. The City's contribution to the plan for the year ended April 30, 2020 was approximately \$48,000.

NOTE 6. INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund receivable and payable balances as of April 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Due from Other Funds		Due to Other Funds	
General Fund	\$	8,860	\$	50,975
Special Revenue Funds				
Motor Fuel Tax Fund		50,975		-
Enterprise Funds				
Waterworks Fund		28,956		37,816
	.	00 =04	.	00 = 04
Total interfund receivables and payables	\$	88,791	\$	88,791

Interfund balances result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and (3) payments between funds are made. Balances are to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTE 7. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers between funds for the year ended April 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Transfer In		Transfer Out	
General Fund	\$	603,893	\$	1,833,146
Special Revenue Funds				
EMA Fund		22,000		-
Storm Water Management Fund		100,000		230,234
MFT Fund		46		-
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund		39,000		-
Social Security Fund		81,000		-
Capital Project Fund				
Nofsinger Realignment Fund		4,500		-
Nofsinger Realignment Fund		14,728		-
North Lawndale Fund		30,957		-
West Holland Fund		8,369		-
Debt Service Funds				
Washington 223 Fund		924,057		-
Washington Area Community Center Fund		357,438		-
Mallard Crossing Fund		11,694		-
Enterprise Funds				
Waterworks Fund		-		46,802
Sewerage Fund		-		87,500
Total interfund transfers	\$	2,197,682	\$	2,197,682

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund collecting them to the fund that statute or budget reflects to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting them to the Bond and Interest Fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 8. INSURANCE

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damages to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City purchases commercial insurance for these risks of loss.

For its health insurance coverages, the City began participating in a sub-pool in the Intergovernmental Personnel Benefit Cooperative (IPBC) in July 2017. IPBC is a public entity risk pool established in 1979 by certain units of local government in Illinois to administer some or all of the personnel benefit programs (primarily medical, dental, and life insurance coverage) offered by these members to their officers and employees and to the officers and employees of certain other governmental, quasi-governmental, and nonprofit public service entities. Management consists of a Board of Directors comprised of one appointed representative from each member. The officers of IPBC are chosen by the Board of Directors from among their membership. The City does not exercise any control over the activities of IPBC beyond its representation on the Board of Directors of the sub-pool. To obtain IPBC's financial statements, contact the administrative offices of IPBC, 1220 Oak Brook Road, Oak Brook, Illinois 60107.

NOTE 9. COMMITMENTS

The City has a contract for the expansion of the Sewer Treatment Plant #2 phase 2B – Farm Creek Trunk Sewer. As of April 30, 2020, the total estimated City obligation was \$541,700. A total of \$462,562 has been paid or is included in payables as of the year-end.

The City has a contract for the reconstruction of N. Lawndale. As of April 30, 2020, the total estimated City obligation was \$1,813,517. A total of \$57,835 has been paid as of the year-end.

The City has a contract for the painting of the Water Tower #1. As of April 30, 2020, the total estimated City obligation was \$553,900. The project was not started as of year-end.

The City has a contract for the Stratford Dr. Bridge reconstruction. As of April 30, 2020, the total estimated City obligation was \$572,950. A total of \$45,579 has been paid as of the year-end.

The City has a contract for the MFT contract. As of April 30, 2020, the total estimated City obligation was \$799,246. A total of \$14,686 has been paid as of the year-end.

The City has an agreement with the Washington Volunteer Fire Department and Rescue Squad to provide fire protection services and ambulance and emergency medical services to the City through October 31, 2020. The City has agreed to pay the Washington Volunteer Fire Department and Rescue Squad \$327,818 for the services and equipment funding to be provided over the next 6 months.

The City has private redevelopment agreements with several companies in the TIF district. As of April 30, 2020, the total City obligation remaining for these agreements was \$192,307.

NOTE 10. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following City funds have a deficit fund/equity balance as of April 30, 2020:

North Lawndale – Capital Project Fund	\$ 9,044
West Holland – Capital Project Fund	1,140
Freedom Parkway – Capital Project Fund	14,945

NOTE 11. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Police Pension Fund has the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2020:

- Mutual fund securities of \$2,860,158 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- Treasury Inflation Protected securities of \$387,969 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- Money market securities of \$271,806 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- Corporate bonds of \$1,844,911 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)



CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 1,091,375	\$ 1,091,375	\$ 1,081,904	\$ (9,471)
Licenses and permits	489,000	489,000	536,644	47,644
Intergovernmental	9,477,000	9,477,000	8,885,444	(591,556)
Grant proceeds	679,990	679,990	22,032	(657,958)
Charges for services	110,161	110,161	92,018	(18,143)
Fines and forfeitures	158,000	158,000	172,058	14,058
Interest	73,200	73,200	177,353	104,153
Other	65,000	65,000	204,942	139,942
	12,143,726	12,143,726	11,172,395	(971,331)
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	1,502,478	1,502,478	1,162,155	340,323
Public safety	5,225,368	5,225,368	4,981,260	244,108
Highways and streets	1,957,501	1,957,501	1,864,907	92,594
Health and welfare	15,400	15,400	13,929	1,471
Capital outlay	3,348,153	3,348,153	320,793	3,027,360
	12,048,900	12,048,900	8,343,044	3,705,856
Excess of revenue				
over expenditures	94,826	94,826	2,829,351	2,734,525
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	269,786	271,513	603,893	332,380
Transfers out	(2,968,637)	(3,827,668)	(1,833,146)	1,994,522
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,698,851)	(3,556,155)	(1,229,253)	2,326,902
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,604,025)	\$ (3,461,329)	\$ 1,600,098	\$ 5,061,427

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS MULTIYEAR SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND LAST 10 CALENDAR YEARS

(schedule to be built prospectively from 2015)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Calendar year ending December 31,					
Total pension liability:					
Service cost	\$ 248,219	\$ 264,423	\$ 289,151	\$ 270,831	\$ 263,773
Interest on the total pension liability	1,095,502	1,092,031	1,094,710	1,049,524	981,553
Difference between expected	,	,	,	,	,
and actual experience	258,156	(453,590)	(201,115)	1,984	419,869
Assumption changes	-	441,510	(430,251)	(57,997)	-
Benefit payments and refunds	(756,719)	(815,897)	(735,824)	(718,617)	(798,996)
Net change in total pension liability	845,158	528,477	16,671	545,725	866,199
Total pension liability - beginning	15,364,621	14,836,144	14,819,473	14,273,748	13,407,549
Total pension liability - ending (a)	16,209,779	15,364,621	14,836,144	14,819,473	14,273,748
					_
Plan fiduciary net position:					
Contributions - employer	307,825	357,653	385,941	395,121	343,295
Contributions - employee	110,464	116,026	117,905	130,400	142,475
Net investment income (loss)	2,351,809	(774,914)	2,114,999	764,487	53,662
Benefit payments and refunds	(756,719)	(815,897)	(735,824)	(718,617)	(798,996)
Other	65,210	142,357	(257,194)	32,124	413,324
Net change in plan					
fiduciary net position	2,078,589	(974,775)	1,625,827	603,515	153,760
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	12,297,424	13,272,199	11,646,372	11,042,857	10,889,097
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	14,376,013	12,297,424	13,272,199	11,646,372	11,042,857
City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$1,833,766	\$3,067,197	\$1,563,945	\$3,173,101	\$3,230,891
Plan fiduciary net position as a					
percentage of the total pension liability	88.69%	80.04%	89.46%	78.59%	77.36%
Covered - employee payroll	\$2,454,749	\$2,469,975	\$2,620,105	\$2,580,806	\$2,409,094
City's net position liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	74.70%	124.18%	59.69%	122.95%	134.11%

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS MULTIYEAR SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND

LAST 10 YEARS

(schedule to be built prospectively from 2015)

Fiscal year ending April 30,	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability:					
Service cost	\$ 322,692	\$ 342,439	\$ 324,331	\$ 290,520	\$ 284,738
Interest	860,298	850,614	807,141	759,768	681,523
Difference between expected					
and actual experience	167,797	(299,557)	99,029	(92,933)	(293,629)
Changes of assumptions	467,158	(107,650)	-	641,098	662,460
Contributions - Buy Back	5,053	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments and refunds	(606,049)	(639,208)	(569,929)	(486,957)	(528,697)
Net change in total					
pension liability	1,216,949	146,638	660,572	1,111,496	806,395
Total pension liability - beginning	12,725,495	12,578,857	11,918,285	10,806,789	10,000,394
Total pension liability - ending (a)	13,942,444	12,725,495	12,578,857	11,918,285	10,806,789
Dian fiducione not mosition.					
Plan fiduciary net position: Contributions - employer	553,041	551,778	514,605	373,617	320,283
Contributions - employee	142,419	135,723	130,676	124,594	115,109
Contributions - Employee Contributions - Buy Back	5,053	155,725	130,070	124,394	113,109
Net investment income	341,748	403,054	504,132	(50,667)	283,752
Benefit payments and refunds	(606,049)	(639,208)	(569,929)	(486,957)	(528,697)
Administrative expense	(7,804)	(9,268)	(5,827)	(6,318)	(4,357)
	(7,001)	(>,===)	(0,027)	(0,010)	(.,ee/)
Net change in plan					
fiduciary net position	428,408	442,079	573,657	(45,731)	186,090
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	7,647,347	7,205,268	6,631,611	6,677,342	6,491,252
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	8,075,755	7,647,347	7,205,268	6,631,611	6,677,342
City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 5,866,689	\$ 5,078,148	\$ 5,373,589	\$ 5,286,674	\$ 4,129,447
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.92%	60.09%	57.28%	55.64%	61.79%
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 1,473,074	\$ 1,369,110	\$ 1,336,695	\$ 1,268,296	\$ 1,179,945
Net pension liability as a percentage of coverage employee payroll	398.26%	370.91%	402.01%	416.83%	349.97%

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND LAST 10 YEARS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarially Determined Contribution		Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered- Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll	
IMRF									
12/31/2019 12/31/2018	\$	307,826 357,652	\$	307,825 357,653	\$	1 (1)	\$ 2,454,749 2,469,975	12.54% 14.48%	
12/31/2017 12/31/2016		385,941 395,121		385,941 395,121			2,620,105 2,580,806	14.73% 15.31%	
12/31/2016		343,296		343,295		1	2,409,094	14.25%	

^{*}Estimated based on contribution rate of 12.54% and covered valuation payroll of \$2,454,749.

Schedule to be built prospectively as the City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in the fiscal year ending 04/30/2016.

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Notes to Schedule:

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the 2019 Contribution Rate*

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated

as of December 31 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2019 Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate entry age Normal

Amortization Method: Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization

Period: 24-year closed period

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth: 3.25% Price Inflation: 2.50%

Salary Increases: 3.35% to 14.25%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.50%

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the valuation

pursuant type of eligibility condition; last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014-2016.

Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was

used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed form the RP-2015 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF

experience.

Other Information:

Notes: There were no benefit changes during the year.

^{*} Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND LAST 10 YEARS

Actuarial Valuation Date	De	ctuarially etermined ntribution	ermined Determined			ontribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered- Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll
Police Pension	on T	rust Fund						
4/30/2019	\$	550,691	\$	553,041	\$	(2,350)	\$ 1,473,074	37.54 %
4/30/2018		513,651		551,778		(38,127)	1,369,110	40.30
4/30/2017		378,061		514,605		(136,544)	1,336,695	38.50
4/30/2016		320,912		373,617		(52,705)	1,268,296	29.46
4/30/2015		304,709		320,283		(15,574)	1,179,945	27.14

Schedule to be built prospectively as the City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in the fiscal year ending 04/30/2016.

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: 5/1/2017

Actuarially determined contribution is calculated as of May 1, two years prior year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Mortality Rate: PubS-2010 Employee mortality, projected 5 years past the

valuation date with Scale MP-2018.

Disabled Mortality Rate: PubS-2010 Disabled mortality, projected 5 years past the

valuation date with Scale MP-2018.

Interest Rate: 6.75% per year compounded annually, net of investment

related expenses.

Retirement Age: See table below. This is based on an experience study

performed in 2017.

Disability Rate: See table below. This is based on an experience study.

performed in 2017.

Termination Rate: See table below. This is based on an experience study

performed in 2017.

Salary Increases: Graded scheduled based on service. This is based on an

an experience study performed in 2017.

Service	Increase	Service	Increase
0	11.00%	6	5.25%
1	10.75%	7	4.25%
2	8.75%	8-16	4.00%
3	8.50%	17-32	3.75%
4	7.00%	32+	3.50%
5	6.25%		

Payroll Growth: 3.50% per year.

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED) POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND

Tier 1: 3.00% per year after age 55. Those that retire prior to Cost-of-Living Adjustment:

age 55 receive an increase of 1/12 of 3.00% for each full month since benefit commencement upon reaching age 55. Tier 2: 1.25% per year after the later of attainment of age 60

or first anniversary of retirement.

Marital Status: 80% of Members are assumed to be married.

Spouse's Age: Males are assumed to be three years older than females.

Funding Method: Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Actuarial Asset Method: Investment gains and losses are smoothed over a

5-year period.

100% of the UAAL is amortized according to a Level Amortization Method:

Percentage of Payroll method over a period ending in 2040.

Decrement Tables:

% Terminating	% Becoming Disabled During the
During the Year	Year

During	the Year		Year	
Age	Rate	Age	Rate	
20	14.00%	20	0.00%	
25	10.40%	25	0.03%	
30	5.60%	30	0.14%	
35	3.10%	35	0.26%	
40	1.90%	40	0.42%	
45	1.50%	45	0.59%	
50	1.50%	50	0.71%	
56+	0.00%	55	0.90%	
		60	1.15%	

% Retiring I	During
the Year (T	ier 1)

the Year	(Tier 1)
50-51	15%
52-54	20%
55-64	25%
65-69	40%
70+	100%

% Retiring During the Year

(1161	r 2)
50-54	5%
55	40%
56-64	25%
65-69	40%
70+	100%

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF MONEY-WEIGHTED RATE OF RETURN ON PENSION PLAN INVESTMENTS POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND LAST 10 YEARS

<u>2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015</u>

Annual money-weighted return rate of return, net of investment expense

5.82% 4.88% 3.81% 6.97% -0.32% 3.58%

Schedule to be built prospectively as the City implemented GASB Statement No. 67 in the fiscal year ending 04/30/2015.

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 YEARS

(schedule to be built prospectively from 2019)

Fiscal year ending April 30,	 2020	 2019
Service cost Interest	\$ 56,394 120,504	\$ 56,444 122,834
Changes of assumptions Benefit payments and refunds	149,019 (342,527)	(30,009) (314,967)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(16,610)	(165,698)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 3,148,559	 3,314,257
Total OPEB liability- ending	\$ 3,131,949	\$ 3,148,559
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 3,873,283	\$ 3,778,813
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	80.86%	83.32%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions:

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period.

The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year Ended April 30: 2020 3.21% 2019 3.97% 2018 3.82%



CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

	General Corporate	City Hall	Street
REVENUES Property taxes	\$ 333,791 \$	s - \$	216,457
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Grant proceeds	536,644 8,826,715	- - -	6,539 20,883
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	3,155 104,676	-	963
Interest Other	177,127 111,072	-	21,161
	10,093,180	-	266,003
EXPENDITURES General government			
Personal services Supplies	571,161 7,327	6,199 2,019	-
Other services and charges	163,311	42,426	-
Total general government Public safety	741,799	50,644	
Personal services	-	-	-
Supplies Special projects	- -	-	-
Other services and charges		-	
Total public safety Highways and streets		-	
Personal services	-	-	784,267
Supplies Other services and charges	-	-	14,684 1,065,956
•			
Total highways and streets Health and welfare		-	1,864,907
Other services and charges	13,360	569	-
Capital outlay	6,190	12,530	141,929
	761,349	63,743	2,006,836
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	9,331,831	(63,743)	(1,740,833)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	261 777	12.064	
Transfers in Transfers out	361,777 (1,700,929)	13,064	(130,305)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,339,152)	13,064	(130,305)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 7,992,679	(50,679) \$	(1,871,138)

FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR

FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR

Police	Ec	rism and conomic relopment	Zoning	Fire and Rescue		Total	(N	2019 Iemorandum Only)
\$ 531,656	\$	- -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$	1,081,904 536,644	\$	943,979 490,734
25,326		_	-	26,864		8,885,444		8,584,195
1,149		-	-	-		22,032		312,991
87,900		-	-	-		92,018		105,505
67,382		-	-	-		172,058		186,397
226 72,537		-	172	-		177,353 204,942		143,688 103,318
786,176		-	172	26,864		11,172,395		10,870,807
-		41,436	172,497	-		791,293		701,300
-		-	1,235	-		10,581		17,461
 -		67,390	87,154	-		360,281		332,175
-		108,826	260,886	-		1,162,155		1,050,936
3,479,840		-	_	-		3,479,840		3,440,511
36,132		-	-	-		36,132		17,093
39,595		-	-	-		39,595		85,052
 652,111		-	-	773,582		1,425,693		1,412,269
4,207,678		-	-	773,582		4,981,260		4,954,925
-		-	-	-		784,267		835,006
-		-	-	-		14,684		14,949
 -		-	-	-		1,065,956		848,932
 -		-	-	-		1,864,907		1,698,887
-		-	-	-		13,929		14,435
 56,363		-	1,281	102,500		320,793		1,253,051
4,264,041		108,826	262,167	876,082		8,343,044		8,972,234
(3,477,865)		(108,826)	(261,995)	(849,218)		2,829,351		1,898,573
192,165		-	-	36,887		603,893		1,612,874
 (1,912)			-			(1,833,146)		(4,795,374)
190,253		-	-	36,887		(1,229,253)		(3,182,500)
\$ (3,287,612)	\$	(108,826)	\$ (261,995)	\$ (812,331)	=	1,600,098		(1,283,927)
						11,871,435		13,155,362
					\$	13,471,533	\$	11,871,435

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2020

				Special 1	Reve	nue	
	-						Motor
	C	emetery		EMA		Audit	Fuel Tax
ASSETS		emetery		EMA		Audit	Tax
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	230,522	\$	63,474	\$	45,251 \$	1,866,696
Investments	т	-	_	-	_	-	-
Receivables (net of allowance							
for uncollectibles)							
Property taxes		-		4,148		29,034	-
Special assessments		2 900		-		-	-
Accounts - customers Other		2,800		-		-	-
Due from other funds		_		-		-	50,975
Due from other governments		_		-		-	49,133
Prepaid items		266		160		-	, <u>-</u>
Restricted assets							
Cash and cash equivalents		-		-		-	
	\$	233,588	\$	67,782	\$	74,285 \$	1,966,804
RESOURCES AND FUND BALL Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,233	\$	-	\$	- \$	2,301
Due to other funds		-		-		-	
Total liabilities		1,233		-		-	2,301
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue							
Property taxes		-		4,148		29,034	-
Special assessments		-		-		-	-
Other receivables		-		-		-	-
Total deferred inflows							
of resources		-		4,148		29,034	
Fund balances							
Nonspendable		266		160		- 45 05 1	1.064.502
Restricted Assigned		232,089		63,474		45,251	1,964,503
Unassigned		232,007 -		-		-	-
Total fund balances		232,355		63,634		45,251	1,964,503
	\$	233,588	\$	67,782	\$	74,285 \$	1,966,804

Special Revenue (cont'd)

In	ncremental Tax	ntal Liability Insurance		S Liability V			Illinois (unicipal etirement	S	Social ecurity/ Iedicare	RBDG Fund			Total
\$	613,471 506,424	\$	228,289	\$	278,244	\$	392,580	\$	345,969	\$	79,265 -	\$	4,143,761 506,424
	236,492		100,035		-		345,032		295,015		-		1,009,756
	21,660		- - -		913 - -		- 1,870 - -		1,599 - -		- 96,389 - -		2,800 122,431 50,975 49,133
	-		11,552		1,250		-		-		-		13,228
\$	1,378,047	\$	339,876	\$	280,407	\$	739,482	\$	642,583	\$	175,654	\$	5,898,508
\$	2,569	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	26,193	\$	21,290	\$	- -	\$	53,586
	2,569		-		-		26,193		21,290		-		53,586
	235,992		100,035		-		345,032		295,015		-		1,009,256
	21,660		-		-		-		-		-		21,660
	257,652		100,035		-		345,032		295,015		-		1,030,916
	- 1,117,826 - -		11,552 228,289 - -		1,250 - 279,157 -		62,290 305,967		326,278		- 175,654 - -		13,228 3,593,813 1,206,965
	1,117,826		239,841		280,407		368,257		326,278		175,654		4,814,006
\$	1,378,047	\$	339,876	\$	280,407	\$	739,482	\$	642,583	\$	175,654	\$	5,898,508

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONT'D) APRIL 30, 2020

			Deb	ot Service		
		WACC	Wa	shington 223		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Investments Page inches (not of allowers)		-		-		-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)						
Property taxes						
Special assessments		_		_		_
Accounts - customers		_		_		_
Other		599,571		19,915		619,486
Due from other funds		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-
Prepaid items		-		-		-
Restricted assets						
Cash and cash equivalents		-		-		
	\$	599,571	\$	19,915	\$	619,486
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Due to other funds	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Total liabilities		_		_		_
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable revenue						
Property taxes		-		-		-
Special assessments		-		-		-
Other receivables		599,571		-		599,571
Total deferred inflows						
Total deferred infrows		599,571		-		599,571
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-		-
Assigned		-		19,915		19,915
Unassigned		-		-		-
		-		19,915		19,915
	\$	599,571	\$	19,915	\$	619,486

Capital Project

	Capital	Proj	ject		Total			2019		
reedom arkway	North awndale		West Holland	Total		Nonmajor Governmental		2019 Iemorandum Only)		
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,143,761 506,424	\$	2,931,027 1,038,639		
-	16,500		4,500	21,000		1,030,756		1,006,941		
-	-		-	-		-		47,024		
-	-		-	-		2,800 741,917		1,505 742,227		
_	-		-	-		50,975		144		
_	_		_			49,133		36,668		
-	-		-	-		13,228		15,559		
-	-		-			-		5,668		
\$ -	\$ 16,500	\$	4,500	\$ 21,000	\$	6,538,994	\$	5,825,402		
\$ 14,945	\$ 9,044	\$	1,140	\$ 25,129	\$	78,715	\$	64,300 16,824		
14,945	9,044		1,140	25,129		78,715		81,124		
14,743	7,044		1,140	25,127		70,713		01,124		
-	-		-	-		1,009,256		1,006,941		
-	-		-	-		-		47,024		
-	16,500		4,500	21,000		642,231		599,571		
-	16,500		4,500	21,000		1,651,487		1,653,536		
				_		12 229		15.550		
=	-		-	-		13,228 3,593,813		15,559 2,936,310		
-	-		-	_		1,226,880		1,149,540		
(14,945)	(9,044)		(1,140)	(25,129)		(25,129)		(10,667)		
(14,945)	(9,044)		(1,140)	(25,129)		4,808,792		4,090,742		
\$ -	\$ 16,500	\$	4,500	\$ 21,000	\$	6,538,994	\$	5,825,402		

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

	S	pecial	Revenue
--	---	--------	---------

	Cemetery	EMA	Audit	Motor Fuel Tax	Incremental Tax	Liability Insurance
REVENUES Property taxes Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 3,288	\$ 28,825	\$ - 617,769	\$ 230,595	\$ 103,292 -
Charges for services Interest Rental Other	65,550 2,946 - 630	- 652 -	- 556 -	16,160 - -	17,291 - -	2,580
	69,126	3,940	29,381	633,929	247,886	105,872
EXPENDITURES Current						
General government Public safety Highway and streets	- - -	25,480	26,378	- - -	208,783	80,755 - -
Cemetery Capital outlay Debt service	94,038 30,781	-	-	14,686	50,470	- -
Principal Interest	-	-	-	-	-	- -
	124,819	25,480	26,378	14,686	259,253	80,755
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(55,693)	(21,540)	3,003	619,243	(11,367)	25,117
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from sale	- -	22,000	- -	46 -	- -	- -
of capital asset Debt Issuance	-	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
Total other financing sources (uses)		22,000	-	46	-	
Net change in fund balances	(55,693)	460	3,003	619,289	(11,367)	25,117
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	288,048	63,174	42,248	1,345,214	1,129,193	214,724
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 232,355	\$ 63,634	\$ 45,251	\$ 1,964,503	\$ 1,117,826	\$ 239,841

Special Revenue (cont'd)

			II IXC	enue (cont	. u)	
	Storm	Illinois		Social		
	Water	Municipal		Security/	RBDG	
		Retirement		Aedicare	Fund	Total
Ma	nagement	Keurement	11	redicare	runa	Total
						.
\$	-	\$ 342,649		292,993	\$ -	\$ 1,001,642
	-	12,993	3	11,109	-	641,871
	-	_		-	-	65,550
	1,968	5,426	5	4,733	3,800	56,112
	10,956			_		10,956
	10,730					
					-	630
	12,924	361,068	3	308,835	3,800	1,776,761
	56,678	328,598	3	346,698	_	1,047,890
	-	_		_	_	25,480
	_	-		=	_	23,400
	-	-		-	-	04.020
	-	-		-	-	94,038
	31,400	-		-	-	127,337
	-	-		-	-	-
	-	-		-	-	-
	00.070	220 500	,	246.600		1 204 745
	88,078	328,598	5	346,698		1,294,745
	(75,154)	32,470)	(37,863)	3,800	482,016
	(,0,10.)			(87,000)	2,000	.02,010
	100,000	39,000)	81,000		242,046
		39,000	,	81,000	-	
	(230,234)	-		_	-	(230,234)
	238,684	-		-	-	238,684
	108,450	39,000)	81,000		250,496
	33,296	71.470)	/3 137	3,800	732 512
	33,490	71,470	j	43,137	3,000	732,512
	247,111	296,787	7	283,141	171,854	4,081,494
	., .=	,		7	. ,	7 7
Ф	200 407	Φ 250.255	7 A	226.270	¢ 175 65 4	¢ 4.014.006
\$	280,407	\$ 368,257	7 \$	326,278	\$ 175,654	\$ 4,814,006

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONT'D) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

Dob4 Country

		Debt	Service	
	Mallard Crossing	WACC	Washington 223	Total
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 46,885 \$	-	\$ - 5	46,885
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Interest	273	-	-	273
Rental	-	-	59,745	59,745
Other	 -	-	-	
	 47,158	-	59,745	106,903
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Highway and streets	-	-	-	-
Cemetery	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay Debt service	-	-	-	-
Principal	46,000	275,000	959,244	1,280,244
Interest	2,185	82,438	24,558	109,181
	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	 48,185	357,438	983,802	1,389,425
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenues over expenditures	 (1,027)	(357,438)	(924,057)	(1,282,522)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	11,694	357,438	924,057	1,293,189
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale				
of capital asset	-	-	-	-
Debt Issuance	 -	-	-	
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	11,694	357,438	924,057	1,293,189
Net change in fund balances	 10,667	-	-	10,667
FUND BALANCES,	(10.667)		10.015	0.240
BEGINNING OF YEAR	 (10,667)	-	19,915	9,248
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ - \$	-	\$ 19,915	\$ 19,915

Capital Project 2019 **Total** Freedom Lakeshore **Nofsinger** North West Nonmajor (Memo **Parkway Drive** Realignment Lawndale Holland Governmental **Total** Only) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,048,527 1,064,871 641,871 471,402 65,550 69,800 56,385 89,090 70,701 124,496 630 21,982 1,883,664 1,841,641 14,728 1,062,618 916,310 14,728 25,480 28,293 14,945 4,500 421 19,866 19,866 94,038 90,647 39,580 9,509 49,089 132,356 176,426 1,280,244 5,320,557 109,181 211,144 14,945 4,500 14,728 40,001 9,509 83,683 2,767,853 6,699,307 (14,945)(4,500)(14,728)(40,001)(9,509)(83,683)(884,189)(4,857,666)4,500 14,728 30,957 8,369 58,554 1,593,789 4,550,408 (230,234)(1,225,872)238,684 1,235,300 1,000,000 30,957 4,500 14,728 8,369 58,554 1,602,239 5,559,836 (14,945)(9,044)(1,140)(25,129)718,050 702,170 4,090,742 3,388,572

(9,044) \$ (1,140) \$ (25,129)

4,808,792

\$ 4,090,742

\$

(14,945) \$

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS APRIL 30, 2020

				Motor						
	E	mployees'	E	quipment		Capital				2019
		Benefit	Re	eplacement	Re	placement			(Me	emorandum
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Total		Only)
ASSETS										
Current assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	503,553	\$	1,145,894	\$	581,110	\$	2,230,557	\$	2,308,145
Investments		1,006,740		1,013,393		-		2,020,133		1,562,495
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)										
Interest		-		52		-		52		557
Other		12,695		1,724		-		14,419		2,663
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		32,187
Prepaid items		-		5,748		-		5,748		5,853
Restricted cash		116,828		_		-		116,828		57,373
Total current assets		1,639,816		2,166,811		581,110		4,387,737		3,969,273
Noncurrent assets										
Capital assets, net of										
accumulated depreciation		-		2,058,278		14,854		2,073,132		1,961,054
_	\$	1,639,816	\$	4,225,089	\$	595,964	\$	6,460,869	\$	5,930,327
LIABILITIES AND NET PO	OS:	ITION								
Liabilities										
Accounts payable										
and accrued liabilities	\$	1,674	\$	27,452	\$	_	\$	29,126	\$	29,574
Accrued compensated absences	_	-	_	1,118	_	-	_	1,118	_	204
-		1 (7.4								
Total current liabilities		1,674		28,570		-		30,244		29,778
Noncurrent liabilities										
Accrued compensated absences		-		12,392		-		12,392		10,624
Total liabilities		1,674		40,962		-		42,636		40,402
Net position										
Invested in capital assets		-		2,058,278		14,854		2,073,132		1,961,054
Unrestricted		1,638,142		2,125,849		581,110		4,345,101		3,928,871
Total net position		1,638,142		4,184,127		595,964		6,418,233		5,889,925
_	\$	1,639,816	\$	4,225,089	\$	595,964	\$	6,460,869	\$	5,930,327

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

		Motor			
	Employees'	Equipment	Capital		2019
	Benefit	Replacement	Replacement		(Memorandum
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Only)
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 1,197,755	\$ 797,800	\$ 163,318	\$ 2,158,873	\$ 2,359,399
Employee contributions	187,010	-	-	187,010	168,157
Other	59,455	179,975	-	239,430	84,103
	1,444,220	977,775	163,318	2,585,313	2,611,659
OPERATING EXPENSES					
General and administrative	-	-	_	-	435
Personal services	1,346,526	110,357	_	1,456,883	1,622,261
Materials and supplies	-	146,600	_	146,600	150,529
Other services and charges	-	173,064	_	173,064	178,884
Depreciation	-	352,632	6,085	358,717	325,385
_					
	1,346,526	782,653	6,085	2,135,264	2,277,494
Operating income	97,694	195,122	157,233	450,049	334,165
NONOPERATING REVENUES					
Interest income	(24,319)	(27,779)	(4,905)	(57,003)	(45,877)
Gain on sale of equipment	-	(21,256)	-	(21,256)	(54,966)
	(24,319)	(49,035)	(4,905)	(78,259)	(100,843)
Change in net position	122,013	244,157	162,138	528,308	435,008
TOTAL NET POSITION,					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,516,129	3,939,970	433,826	5,889,925	5,454,917
TOTAL NET POSITION,					
END OF YEAR	\$ 1,638,142	\$ 4,184,127	\$ 595,964	\$ 6,418,233	\$ 5,889,925

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

	E	mployees' Benefit Fund	Motor Equipment eplacement Fund	R	Capital Replacement Fund	Total	(M	2019 emorandum Only)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITI	ES							
Receipts from customers and users		1,432,859	\$ 179,580	\$	-	\$ 1,612,439	\$	1,574,401
Receipts from interfund services provided		-	797,800	Ċ	163,318	961,118		1,077,014
Payments to suppliers		(1,349,551)	(317,950)		´-	(1,667,501)		(1,851,449)
Payments to employees		-	(106,707)		-	(106,707)		(107,212)
Net cash provided by			, , , ,			, , , ,		
operating activities		83,308	552,723		163,318	799,349		692,754
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Advances from (to) other funds		187	32,000		-	32,187		(42,991)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		-	(782,506)		-	(782,506)		(543,247)
Proceeds from sale of equipment		_	332,967		-	332,967		78,475
Net cash used in capital								
and related financing activities		-	(449,539)		-	(449,539)		(464,772)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIE	S	24.210	20.204		4.005	57, 500		45.070
Interest received		24,319	28,284		4,905	57,508		45,870
Purchase of investments		(1,009,611)	(1,018,040)		-	(2,027,651)		(21,694)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		526,727	1,043,286			1,570,013		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(458,565)	53,530		4,905	(400,130)		24,176
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(375,070)	188,714		168,223	(18,133)		209,167
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		995,451	957,180		412,887	2,365,518		2,156,351
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS								
AT END OF YEAR	\$	620,381	\$ 1,145,894	\$	581,110	\$ 2,347,385	\$	2,365,518
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by	\$	97,694	\$ 195,122	\$	157,233	\$ 450,049	\$	334,165
operating activities Depreciation (Increase) decrease in receivables (Increase) decrease in prepaid items Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(11,361)	352,632 (395) 105		6,085 - -	358,717 (11,756) 105		325,385 39,756 (493)
and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in accrued comp. absences		(3,025)	2,577 2,682		-	(448) 2,682		(5,608) (451)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	83,308	\$ 552,723	\$	163,318	\$ 799,349	\$	692,754

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

PRESENTATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ON THE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	nployees' Benefit Fund	Motor Equipment eplacement Fund	Capital placement Fund	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$ 503,553 116,828	\$ 1,145,894	\$ 581,110	\$ 2,230,557 116,828
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 620,381	\$ 1,145,894	\$ 581,110	\$ 2,347,385

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES, OTHER THAN DEPRECIATION ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

2019 (Memorandum **Total** Only) Waterworks Sewerage Personal services Wages and salaries \$ 459,813 \$ 546,997 \$ 1,006,810 \$ 958,511 Payroll taxes 7,486 10,019 17,505 14,834 156,709 329,959 Group insurance 173,250 315,046 Uniforms 2,267 2,639 4,906 5,369 Total personal services 626,275 732,905 1,359,180 1,293,760 Heat, lights, and power 107,532 Electricity 175,330 282,862 286,061 Heating 4,135 3,259 7,394 9,044 111,667 178,589 290,256 295,105 Total heat, lights, and power Materials and supplies Chemicals and supplies 146,824 28,769 175,593 170,777 45,889 31,086 Operating supplies 24,117 21,772 Perishable tools 6,271 12,925 19,196 23,925 177,212 240,678 225,788 Total materials and supplies 63,466 Other services and charges Training and recruitment 1,304 912 2,216 1,667 Insurance 8,773 9,344 18,117 18,160 Printing fees 1,779 1,457 3,236 2,628 Legal fees 2,981 5,771 8,752 19,548 Consulting fees 49,176 43,694 92,870 97,690 Rent 3,380 3,725 7,105 5,377 Repairs and maintenance: Building 4,165 10,718 14,883 37,309 Equipment 9,210 10,643 19,853 22,501 System 54,686 145,095 199,781 194,779 95,000 130,000 225,000 217,000 Motor equipment replacement Capital replacement 30,712 53,508 84,220 84,220 Telephone 14,666 16,488 31,154 25,595 Engineering fees 70,266 33,245 103,511 Miscellaneous 32,767 31,227 63,994 42,465 378,865 495,827 874,692 768,939 Total other services and charges \$ 1,294,019 \$ 1,470,787 \$ 2,764,806 2,583,592

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX LEVIES, RATES, COLLECTIONS, AND ASSESSED VALUATION 2017 THROUGH 2019

		20	2019 Levy		20	2018 Levy			20	2017 Levy		
		Levy	Rate	Amounts Extended	Levy	Rate	Collections		Levy	Rate	Colle	Collections
GENERAL FUND		,						ļ				
General Corporate	S	ı	ı	- *	336,075	0.0965	\$ 336,085	↔	195,579	0.0561	\$	194,566
Police Pension		614,000	0.1762	614,010	535,300	0.1536	535,310		535,700	0.1539	Ω	532,891
Ambulance		174,601	0.0501	174,625	ı	1	1		1	ı		ı
Fire Protection		85,998	0.0247	86,022	1	ı	1		1	1		ı
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS												
Civil Defense		4,142	0.0012	4,148	3,300	0.0010	3,310		3,300	0.0010		3,290
∞ Audit		29,000	0.0083	29,034	29,000	0.0083	29,023		29,000	0.0083		28,848
		345,000	0.0990	345,032	345,000	0.0990	345,004		375,000	0.1077	cc	373,027
Social Security		295,000	0.0846	295,015	295,000	0.0847	295,006		290,000	0.0833	7	288,489
INTERNAL SERVICE FUND												
Liability Insurance		100,000	0.0287	100,035	104,000	0.0299	104,003		104,000	0.0299		103,482
TOTAL	↔	1,647,741	0.4728	0.4728 \$ 1,647,921 \$	1,647,675	0.4730	0.4730 \$ 1,647,741	↔	1,532,579	0.4402 \$ 1,524,593	\$ 1,5	524,593
CITY SHARE OF TOWNSHIP ROAD AND BRIDGE			**	\$ 217,845		"	\$ 217,762			"	8	216,522
INCREMENTAL TAX DISTRICT	[CT		**	\$ 236,492		"	\$ 230,595	11		ıı	\$	220,717
ASSESSED VALUATIONS	↔	\$ 348,552,322		∞ ∥	\$ 348,418,651	11		\$ 34	\$ 348,171,597			

CITY OF WASHINGTON, ILLINOIS INFORMATION REGARDING WASTEWATER USER-CHARGE SYSTEM YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

(Unaudited)

The City adopted Ordinance Number 1299 establishing a user-charge system for wastewater system for wastewater treatment on November 7, 1977.

Information required to be disclosed by Section 53.026 of the Ordinance is as follows:

Replacement cost of wastewater facility	Not Available
Total gallons received at the wastewater plant for the year	1,081,530,000
Total gallons of wastewater billed based on the user-charge system for the year	247,820,816
Number of metered users connected to the system at April 30, 2020	5,446
Number of non metered users at April 30, 2020	1



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City Council City of Washington, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Washington, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Washington, Illinois basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 18, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Washington, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Washington, Illinois' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Washington, Illinois' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's combined financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Washington, Illinois financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. The report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Washington, Illinois

Phillips, Salmi & associates, SIC

September 18, 2020